

ORIGINAL

FILED

07/08/2025

Bowen Greenwood
CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT
STATE OF MONTANA

Case Number: OP 25-0482

Ronald Allen Trow
c/o Sheriff Mike Linder
Yellowstone County Detention Facility
3165 King Ave E,
Billings, Montana 59101
Phone No. 406-256-6881
Website: yellowstonecountymt.gov

FILED

JUL 07 2025

Bowen Greenwood
Clerk of Supreme Court
State of Montana

In the Supreme Court of the State of Montana

Ronald Allen Trow,)	Case No. <u>OP 25-0482</u>
Petitioner/'Real party')	
)	
Vs.)	Petition for Writ of Habas Corpus ,
)	Original Writ, by "special appearance"
Sheriff Mike Linder,)	in "good faith"
Yellowstone County Detention)	Jury Trial demanded.
Facility,)	
Respondent.)	

Petition for **Writ of Habas Corpus**

Montana)	I, Rodney Owen Skurdal, as Amicus curiae,
) ss.	Present this Affidavit for Petition for Writ of Habas
Yellowstone County)	Corpus on behalf of Ronald Allen Trow.

1. I, Rodney Owen Skurdal, acting on behalf of Ronald Allen Trow, acting as Ronald Allen Trow's 'common law counsel' and as Amicus curiae, by 'special appearance' and in "good faith" present this "Petition of Writ of Habas Corpus" in my "testimony in affidavit form" in the 'name of peace'. In representing Ronald Allen Trow, a Montana National, I do hereby claim that the "courts" in and for Montana, Yellowstone County lack lawful jurisdiction over Ronald Allen Trow, and I, Rodney Owen Skurdal, and we also continue to "challenge the jurisdiction all Montana courts" in this cause of action.

Ronald Allen Trow is unlawfully held in the Yellowstone County Detention Facility, 3165 King Ave E, Billings, Montana 59101, controlled by Yellowstone County Sheriff Mike Linder. (Who does not have a “lawful bond” to hold office.)

2. Fact is that Ronald Allen Trow is “held without Lawful Subject matter jurisdiction” held against him by the “STATE OF MONTANA” in and for Yellowstone County, per Article 2 (1972 Constitution) at **Section 28. Criminal justice policy -- rights of the convicted.** (1) Laws for the punishment of crime shall be founded on the principles of prevention, reformation, public safety, and restitution for victims. (Emph.Added by me) Others not cited at this time. No “injured party” i.e., a corpus delicti, then no criminal authority.

In relation to MCA § 1-1-109. Common law of England -- when rule of decision. The common law of England, so far as it is not repugnant to or inconsistent with the constitution of the United States or the constitution or laws of this state, **is the rule of decision in all the courts of this state.** (Emph.Added by me) See: “(17) No sheriff, constable, coroner or any other of our bailiffs is to hold pleas of our crown.” And, “(28) No bailiff is henceforth to put any man on his open law or on oath simply by virtue of his spoken word, without reliable witnesses being produced for the same.” The Magna Carta, 1797. Exhibit 1,6 pages.

But I find that there is no honest ‘judges’ that honor “**§ 1-1-109. Common law of England**” here in Montana, for all Montana ‘judges’ are corrupt!

3. Ronald Allen Trow was originally charged with several “traffic violations” (See Exhibit 2, 32 pages; 2 cases) and unlawfully arrested without a lawful warrant and his private property unlawfully seized without a lawful warrant. Ronald Allen Trow has repeatedly “challenged the courts jurisdiction”, directly and indirectly and Judge Walker refuses to give lawful authority as to her lawful “jurisdiction” see Exhibit 3, 51 pages; whereby judge Walker totally refuse to answer, Exhibit 3, and struck them from the docket records.

4. To save time, I'm presenting an "Affidavit" in support for this Writ of Habeas Corpus", that will go into more3 details of the willful "criminal acts" being committed by all Montana 'public servants' from no lawful "bond" to hold a lawful office to the land grabs to the transfer of the "Manufacturers Statement of Origin" that the dealership must give to the State and county governments; here is what will be presented:

A. No "real party of interest" a man or woman, who can declare an actual "injury/damages" to support a 'criminal act',

All Men decide for themselves whether they want to participate in the institutions of men or not the United States Supreme Court confirmed this when they said: "..., every man is independent of all laws, except those prescribed by nature. He is not bound by any institutions formed by his fellowman without his consent." -- **Cruden v. Neale, 2 N.C. 338 May Term 1796.**

Only the People can file a criminal complaint: There are only three ways a court can hear a criminal complaint: (1) One or more of the people sign a sworn affidavit that they have been **injured**; (2) A prosecutor, on behalf of the government brings an accusation before the Grand Jury and the Grand Jury either indicts or does nothing; (3) The Grand Jury by its "own will", can investigate merely on suspicion that the law is being violated, or even because it wants assurance that it is not, and if it finds wrongdoing it can present it to the court and it must go to trial no one can second guess the Grand Jury, unless the Grand Jury's actions violate another's unalienable rights. **See Magna Carta, chapters (17), (28).**

.B. The use of a "fiction name/corporation/strawman" which all Montana "public servants" openly admit an "act of War" against every man, woman and child here in and for Montana.

C. No "public servants" have a lawful "bond" to hold an 'office' and no "officer" can sign for another "officer" and the "bond" is mandatory first before an "oath of office" can be given. This is open acts of perjury by all public servants and they all are guilty of the following MCA statutes; **45-7-401. Official misconduct, 45-7-209. Impersonation of public servant, 45-7-201. Perjury, and "act of Treason and rebellion against "We the People";** Others not cited.

D. All county officers refuse and conspired to violate the Montana Codes; being limited to only officers, agents and employees of the State, County and municipal governments..

E. Statutes, codes, rules, regulations and policies are not Law.

F. All jurisdiction granted by public “statues” are confined to “statutes creating or affecting corporations. MCA 1-1-106.

E1. The People have the absolute Right “to govern ourselves as a free sovereign and independent state” that the ‘State and local governments’ must protect, all of our ‘unalienable/common law Rights’ at all times.

F. The local “judges” will not declare what the “nature and cause of the accusations” of any criminal act, as to what lawful “jurisdiction they are acting under, 1) Law, aka common law, 2) Admiralty, or 3) equity. Courts enforcing statutes, codes, rules, regulations, and/or policies, are merely “administrative law courts’ for their own officers, agents and employees and such never applied to the People at large. The Solicitor General has claim such ‘courts” are unconstitutional (and void) and they violate the People’s common law rights and due process of law clause(s). His duty is to correct all such courts and award proper damages to We the People for any and all Federal and State governments who use these ‘administrative law courts’.

G. The word ‘includes/including and the like,” only the words following the words include/including are mandated, everything else is excluded.

H. The “English language” is our official language here in Montana; but the government is allegedly allow to use other foreign languages

I. All State, County and municipal officers who do not have a lawful “bond” must be removed from **office** without delay and charged with **45-7-209. Impersonation of public servant**, without delay. All “bonds” **must cover all funds any public servants collects each year while in office.**

J. The State and County governments can not use “color of law” and “words of art” against We, The People, to enslave use.

K. Federal statutes, codes, rules and regulations can not be lawfully enforced with the boundaries of Montana, to do so is an “act of treason”! This is evident by “Administrative remedy” (i.e., for your ‘Administrative law courts’) requested by your de facto courts, that this is only for your own officers, agents and employees and never applied to the private sovereign “People at large”.

L. There is no granted powers given to the State nor local governments to create a ‘fiction birth certificate’ to enslave We the People. The alleged “bonds’ on all “birth certificates” must be returned to each man and woman, due to fraud.

M. “Fraud” voids everything! (Even ‘court’ judgments!)

N. All have the Right to challenge the jurisdiction of all “courts” even after conviction, and no ‘judge’ can avoid this mandate.

O. No State can avoid nor violate Article 1, Section 10 of the US constitution, as to what they may use as a Tender in payment of a debt, or you have committed perjury and treason against We the People.

P. The use of “MT” and a “Zip Code” only applies to federal government, territories and possessions and cannot be used within the boundaries of Montana! So, all computers must provide room for the full name of the states of the union, and/or for a correct abbreviation for said states, like “Mont.” For Montana.

Q. In Texas v White, (qv.,) they declare that the People are the “state’ in fact; and the State of Montana is a corporation and cannot lawfully deal with the private people.

R. The phrase “citizen of the United States” only applies to the newly freed (black) “slaves” and did not include the white/Caucasian People.

S. All State and local government public servants take an "oath of office" to the People in and for Montana and if they attempt to use any type of "color of law" to enslave We the People.

T. All motor vehicle certificate of titles that we the private People own must be replaced with the Manufactures Statement/Certificate of Origin, as the lawful Title, so we can all travel freely without drivers license, registration and insurance, but the State must have all insurance companies a means to sell insurance to the private People as well, for our private mode of travel.

U. All private 'modes of travel' (automobiles, pickups etc.,) must be given "exempt" plates, with no "costs" so We the People can travel freely.

V. The Yellowstone county governments must replace the People's law library as well, within 60 days.

W. Pursuant to the "**Clearfield Doctrine**", cited as *Clearfield Trust Co., v United States*, 318 U.S. 363,371 (1942), Declaring: "Governments descend to the level of a mere private corporation, and take on the characteristics of a mere private citizen ... where private corporate commercial paper (Federal Reserve Notes) and securities (checks) is concerned ... For purposes of suit, such corporations and individuals are regarded as entities entirely separate from government."

What the Clearfield Doctrine is saying is that when private commercial paper is used by corporate government, then government loses its sovereignty status and becomes no different than a mere private corporation.

As such, government then becomes bound by the rules and laws (aka, 'by-laws') that govern private corporations which means that if they intend to compel an individual to some specific performance based upon its corporate statutes or corporation rules, then the government, like any private corporation, must be the holder-in-due-course of a contract or other commercial agreement between it and the one upon who demands for specific performance are made.

And further, the government must be willing to enter the contract or commercial agreement into evidence before trying to get the court to enforce its demands, called statutes.

This case is very important because its a 1942 case that was decided after the UNITED STATES CORPORATJON COMPANY filed its "CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION" in the State of Florida (July 15, 1925). And it was decided 'after' the 'corporate government' agreed to use the currency of the private corporation, the FEDERAL RESERVE. The private currency, the Federal Reserve Note, is still in use today.

References:

(i) Articles of incorporation of "UNITED STATES CORPORATION COMPANY"
<http://anticorruptionsociety.files.wordpress.com/2014/01/articles-of-incorporation-of-u-s-corp-companv.pdf>

(i) From The Great American Adventure by Judge Dale, retired. (pages 93-94)
[http://anticorruptionsociety.files.wordpress.com/2013/07/h<:"reaj-m_eric-an-arJ_venture;_com_nlete-work-by-jud!!c-dale.pdf](http://anticorruptionsociety.files.wordpress.com/2013/07/h<:)

[4] Corporations are not and can never be 'Sovereign'. They are not real; they are a fiction and only exist on paper.

5) Therefore, all laws created by these government corporations are private corporate regulations called **public law, statutes, codes and ordinances** to conceal their true nature. Do the Judge and your lawyer know about this? **You bet they do!**

6) Since these government bodies are not "Sovereign" they cannot promulgate or enforce "Criminal laws"; they can only create and enforce Civil laws, which are duty bound to comply with the "Law of contracts". The Law of Contracts requires signed written agreements and complete transparency! Did you ever agree to be arrested and tried under any of their corporate statutes? For that

matter, did you ever agree to contract with them by agreeing to be sued for violating their corporate regulations?

[8] Enforcement of these corporate statutes by local, state and federal law enforcement officers are unlawful actions being committed against the **SOVEREIGN public** and these officers can be held personally liable for their actions. **Bond v. U.S., 529 US 334 (2000).** (Emph.Added by me)

(ii) Our government(s), 'states and federal' are Just Another Corporation

<http://3nticorruptjonsoc:ety.com/jS::ol1r--governmenc--iust-another-comoration/> (Source unknown)

Conclusion, there is no lawful "immunity" for any STATE "public servants"!

Ronald Allen Trow nor I, Rodney Owen Skurdal, both of the "lost sheep of the House of Isreal", don't have any current commercial "contracts, agreements" with the "STATE OF MONTANA" nor with YELLOSTONE COUNTY, nor with the de facto Federal government! It is said that: "Notice to agent is notice to principal, notice to principal is notice to agent".

X. Clean hands and fictitious Plaintiffs. When a prosecuting attorney brings a "cause of action" in a court accusing some poor soul with a crime in the secret maritime jurisdiction, he (or at least his client) needs "standing to sue". All cases in 1) law, 2) equity, and/or in 3) admiralty or maritime, are now classified as "civil actions." Civil maritime and admiralty actions require a contract between the plaintiff and defendant for the plaintiff to have standing to sue. For the plaintiff to have standing and for the court to have jurisdiction of the subject matter, there must be in existence a bona fide contract binding the accused into the criminal maritime jurisdiction and the lawyer rat had better be able to get it properly into evidence. This is the foundation of the venue jurisdiction and the subject matter jurisdiction of all courts. Under the doctrine of "clean hands", relief will not be granted to a party, who as an actor, seeks to set the judicial machinery in motion and obtain some remedy, if such party in prior conduct has violated conscience or good faith or other equitable relief. One seeking relief cannot take

advantage of one's own wrongdoing.

The plaintiffs attorney (prosecutor) is representing the STATE OF MONTANA, (or the UNITED STATES, both are corporations). **1972 Montana constitution at: ARTICLE 16. Municipal Corporations** and Officers: (CURRENT; 1973, 1972; CONSTITUTION; Compare **Forms of Government**). **Section 4. (1)** The legislature shall provide methods for governing local government units and **procedures for incorporating**. ... ". "If you don't believe that the UNITED STATES is a corporation", it is right there in Title 28 USC 3002 (15)(A); "(15)"United States" means- **(A)** a Federal corporation ... "

The prosecuting attorney is representing a corporation, a fictitious plaintiff, and bringing a maritime claim on the presumption that a maritime contract exists between the STATE OF MONTANA and the defendant, or more correctly, the ignorant 'victim'. The ignorant victim does not know that this presumption even exists, does not know that the cause of action cannot be in the common law because a crime in "law" requires a corpus delicti that is to say, the (injured or dead) body of the crime or an injured party, and a corporation cannot be the body of the crime or an Injured party because it is artificial, a fiction. Trust the author on this, there is plenty of well settled authority, but it will not be cited here *in* the interests of brevity while covering the essentials. Because of constant government indoctrination and the lasting effects of cognitive dissidence, the fact that the cause is of a maritime nature is beyond the poor victim's comprehension. The ocean is a long way from Kansas, Dorothy! So how could the accused victim of an alleged offense committed on the land end up in a maritime court and be bound to a presumed maritime contract?

The attorneys for the plaintiff are prosecuting the suit in maritime jurisdiction without evidence entered into the record of the contract binding the Petitioner to the maritime law. **Without such a "contract" the trial court is wholly in want of subject matter jurisdiction and venue jurisdiction.** The doctrine of "w/clean

hands" applies to the attorneys for the plaintiff. The courts have held:

It is old hat that a court called upon to do equity should always consider whether the petitioning party has acted ... **with unclean hands**. *Texaco Puerto Rico, Inc. v. Department of Consumer Affairs*, 60 F.3d 867, 880 (1st Cir. 1995). This consideration is rooted in the maxim that "he who comes into equity must come with clean hands." *Precision Instrument Mfg. Co. v. Automotive Maintenance Mach. Co.*, 324 U.S. 806, 814 (1945).

Under the doctrine of unclean hands, a court may refuse to grant equitable relief to a plaintiff who has been guilty of unlawful or inequitable conduct regarding the issue in dispute. *Lazy M Ranch, Ltd. v. TXI Operations, LP*, 978 S.W.2d 678 883 (Tex. App. 1998). It is well settled that a party seeking equity cannot come into a court with unclean hands. *Schenk v. Halliday Real Estate, Inc.*, 803 S.W.2d 361, 366 (Tex. App. 1990).

The findings show fraud on (the part of the party seeking legal subrogation. He does not come into court with clean hands and is therefore not in a position to invoke the equitable principles upon which legal subrogation rests."); *Rotge v. Dunlap*, 91 S.W.2d 905, 908 (Tex. App. 1936)

Applying to legal subrogation the maxim that "one who seeks equity must come into court with clean hands., *Christian v. Manning*, 59 S.W.2d 234,237 (Tex. App. 1933), and See; *Bell v. Franklin*, 230 S.W.2d 181, 185 (Tex. App. 1921) (same).

"Special Notice". If any Montana and local governments officers, agents and employees thereof, fails in anyway to fully comply with their own MCA, they fail the "clean hands doctrine" and way any immunity they might claim and fully accountable for their criminal acts and their "acts of treason" against the We, the People.

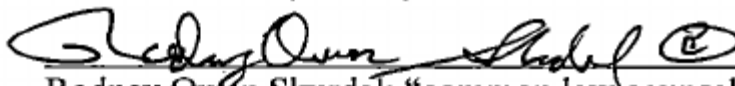
5. Once you also view my attached Testimony in Affidavit form, in support of the Writ of Habeas corpus, you will see that Ronald Allen Trow is totally free for lack of lawful jurisdiction and abuse of power and must be set free and "all charges dismiss with prejudice" plus the return of all past bonds Ronald Allen Trow was forced to pay. The district court judge should issue an "injunction against the State and local governments" to allow We the People to use our private automobiles, pickups etc., freely and no 'cops/road agents' can harass us ever again.

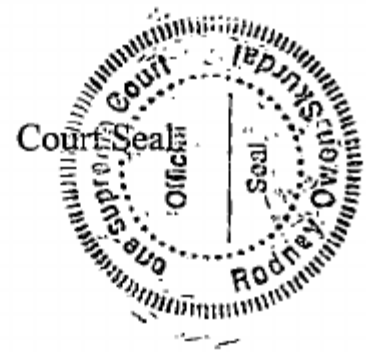
Certificate of Mailing Service: Habeas Corpus

I, Rodney Owen Skurdal, do hereby certify that I mailed by "prepaid postage" a true copy of a Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus and Affidavit in support of petition for Writ of habeas Corpus with Exhibits, to the Supreme Court "Clerk", and mailing a true and correct copies to:

1. Sheriff Mike Linder
Yellowstone County Detention Facility
c/o 2550 3rd Avenue North
Billings, Montana 59101
2. Scott Twito
Yellowstone County Attorney
217 North 27 Street, Ste. 701
Billings, Montana 59101
3. US Dept. of Justice
Office of the Solicitor General
950 Pennsylvania Ave. NW
Washington, DC 20530

Dated this 3rd day of July 2025.


Rodney Owen Skurdal; "common law counsel" in fact
3172 Sherrodd Lane
Pompey Pillar,
Montana
"MT" & Zip exempt, 18 USC §1341 &1342
Phone No. 406-839-1293
E-mail: wo_p_r@hotmail.com



Certificate of service of Writ of H C for Ron Trow July 2. 2025.docx