	FILED
RYAN ANDREW BYRD	10/15/2024
Inmate Name	Bowen Greenwood CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT STATE OF MONTANA
3018159	Case Number: OP 24-0613
Inmate ID or AO#	
Crossroads Correctional Center Facility of Incarceration	
50 Crossfoads Drive	
Address of Facility	
Shelby MT 59474	
City State Zip	

## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA

No. 0P24-0613 [The Clerk of Court will assign a number]

AN ANDREW BYRG

Bowen Greenwood Clerk of Supreme Court State of Montana

OCT 1 5 2024

NAME

PETITIONER,

**Petition for Writ of Habeas** Corpus

v. (J) DFREY METRI NAME OF WARDEN/FACILITY ADMINISTRATOR,

**RESPONDENT.** 

I. [Name of Inmate]

am representing myself, and I

believe that I am entitled to a Writ of Habeas Corpus under § 46-22-101, MCA, for one

or more of the following reasons:

[Check the applicable box]:



The Department of Corrections has incorrectly calculated my sentence which illegally extends my parole eligibility or discharge date.



The Parole Board should have granted me a parole AND the Board violated my Due Process rights in denying me a parole.

I am entitled to more credit for jail time served than I received.

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My sentence is illegal because:		
I was sentenced after April 28, 1999, and I received a sentence of more than 5 years to the Department of Corrections, none of which was suspended.		
<ul> <li>My sentence violates my right to be free from double jeopardy.</li> <li>The length of my sentence is longer than the law allows.</li> <li>I am entitled to good time that is not credited against my sentence.</li> </ul>		
		I am being held in jail and I believe my bail is excessive.
		Other reason incarceration is illegal.
Describe in detail why you are entitled to habeas corpus relief. Be specific. If possible, provide citations to legal authority. Attach any documents that help you explain why the Court should grant your petition. A copy of any judgments, orders or other documents that support your argument must be provided. See Attach documents $(1,2,3)$ .		
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50 Crossroads Drive Shelby, MT 59474

In The

Petitioner,

v.

Cause Nos. <u>NC23-174</u>; DC2 X 19-440 M/6-95 A15

**Court Of Montana** 

Petition For Writ of Habeas Corpus

State of Montana.

Comes now <u>Kyan Hadrw</u> <u>Byred</u>, the Petitioner, pro-se counsel in this Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus. It has recently come to the Petitioner's attention that he was improperly prosecuted for felony charges in the above stated cause number(s), when the State failed to indict by grand jury. The Petitioner had previously failed to attempt any remedies to this issue due to the fact that he had not been aware that his rights were violated. The Petitioner is aware that the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals has ORDERED that Montana's failure to indict by grand jury warrants dismissal of all cases whereupon a defendant whom has been convicted of a felony in Montana without an indictment must have their cases dismissed and be released from custody [(Complaints of Judicial Misconduct, Campbell, Cause No. 22 900 59; and Haithcox, Cause No. 22 900 60)SEALED]. Montana's continued failure to abide by the order of Ninth Circuit Court and The Constitution of United States under the Fifth Amendement and USCS Const. Art. VI, CI 2 is a gross violation of his civil rights afforded by the Constitution of the United Sates, to which the Petitioner submits:

"This Constitution, and the Laws of the United States which shall be made in Pursuance thereof; and all Treaties made, or which shall be made, under the Authority of the United States, shall be the supreme Law of the Land; and the Judges in every State shall be bound thereby, any Thing in the Constitution or Laws of any State to the Contrary notwithstanding."

The Petitioner contends that he is entitled to be prosecuted by a grand jury indictment because the Legislature of the State of Montana has failed to specifically provide by statute, that an information could be used to prosecute a felony; and that the Montana Supreme Court has ruled that Montana is a Common Law State, and in Common Law States, without specific statute, the use of an Information is restricted to misdemeanors. Since his case(s) was filed as a felony, the Montana  $\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}\right)$  Judicial District Court - and all courts in the State of Montana - is without jurisdiction, and this case must be dismissed. Even if such statute

exists, no state statute can overrule a Federal Constitutional right.

The Petitioner further submits the following case laws in support of this petition:

"Supremacy clause of <u>Federal Constitution (Art VI, cl 2)</u> is not source of any federal rights, but rather accords all federal rights, whether created by treaty, statute, or regulation, priority whenever they come in conflict with state law." <u>Chapman v. Houston Welfare Rights Organization, 441 U.S. 600, 99 S. Ct. 1905, 60 L. Ed. 2d 508, 1979 U.S. LEXIS 101 (1979).</u>

"Valid federal laws are part of supreme law of land, and state may not discriminate against rights created by or arising under such laws." <u>Caldwell v. Alabama Dry Dock & Shipbuilding Co., 161 F.2d 83, 12 Lab.</u> <u>Cas. (CCH) ¶ 63715, 6 Wage & Hour Cas. (BNA) 835, 1947 U.S. App. LEXIS 3083 (5th Cir.)</u>

"Federal statute cannot be invalidated under state constitution." <u>Walker v. San Francisco Unified Sch.</u> <u>Dist., 46 F.3d 1449, 95 Cal. Daily Op. Service 737, 95 D.A.R. 1288, 1995 U.S. App. LEXIS 1685 (9th Cir.)</u>

"State constitutions and amendments thereto are subject to applicable prohibitions and limitations of Federal Constitution." Gray v. Moss, 156 So. 262, 1934 Fla. LEXIS 1672 (Fla. 1934); Gray v. Winthrop, 156 So. 270, 1934 Fla. LEXIS 1673 (Fla. 1934).

"Constitution of West Virginia is subject to Constitution and laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made under authority of United States, all of which constitute supreme law of land." Harbert v. County Court, 129 W. Va. 54, 39 S.E.2d 177, 1946 W. Va. LEXIS 39 (W. Va. 1946).

The Petitioner invites this Court to make the following considerations before making a judgment on this petition, and for future cases in Montana:

- 1. Whether or not Montana law supercedes common law doctrine when a Montana law disparages a person of certain rights and protections retained by the people of the United States.
- 2. Whether or not Montana law violates the Constitution of the United States of America when Mont. Const., Art. Il § 20 allows a court to prosecute felony charges either by information, or by indictment, at a judge's discretion.
- 3. Whether or not when Montana law allows felony prosecutions against a defendant to proceed only after a complaint or information qualifies as equal protection under the law.
- 4. Whether or not ANY judge has license to forego grand jury proceedings based on a file of information before proceeding to prosecute felony charges against a defendant, without that defendant having first waived his right to a grand jury indictment.
- 5. Whether or not a citizen of the Constitutional Federal Republic of the United States of America must enjoy the same rights and protections afforded by the Constitution of the united States of America while being held to answer for an infamous crime in a Montana judicial district court.
- 6. Whether or not the provision regarding a presentment or indictment by a grand jury in the Fifth Amendment is a right retained by the People of the United States of America.

- 7. Whether or not Montana's constitution in Mont. Const., Art. II § 4 regarding equal protection of the laws should only refer to Montana's laws.
- 8. Whether or not a judicial district within Montana that allows felony prosecutions by information or indictment ever receives funding meant for the expenses of grand jury proceedings.
- 9. Whether or not a judicial district within Montana that allows felony prosecutions by information or indictment that does receive funding meant for the expenses of grand jury proceedings is allowed to redistribute that funding as that district sees fit, if that funding has not been spent on indictments.
- 10. Whether or not such funding mentioned in questions 8 and 9 can be construed as a motive and incentive to deny a person's individual right to a grand jury indictment.
- 11. Whether or not the United Sates Constitution is satisfied when a defendant is prosecuted for a felony without an indictment or waiver thoerof.
- 12. Whether or not USCS Const. Art. VI, Cl 2 provides the fifth amendment priority over Montana law.
- 13. Whether or not the Fourteenth Amendment's omission of a right to a presentment or indictment by a grand jury supercedes the Fifth Amendment's provision for a grand jury.
- 14. Whether or not ANY court has subject matter jurisdiction to prosecute felonies on an information without an indictment, or waiver thereof.

The Petitioner begs that this Court seeks answers to the preceding questions and upon determining the truth of the petitioner's claims, dismiss all of the charges in this case, order his immediate release, and expunge the above cases from his record.

Petitioner's signature

Dated this 3rd day of Octobed ..

cc: Clerk of The Supreme Court of Montana Attorney General of Montana File As relief, I request the following:

my immediate release from prison.

reduction of my sentence or that this Court remand this cause to the district court directing the court to resentence me to a lesser sentence.

that the Department of Corrections recalculate my sentence as this Court directs.

Other relief. Explain:

## VERIFICATION

STATE OF MONTANA SS. County of  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

I believe I am being incarcerated illegally. I certify that the contents of this petition are true and accurate to the best of my knowledge.

DATED this 3rd day of October

Inmate Signature

Printed Name

## **CERTIFICATE OF MAILING (SERVICE)**

I hereby certify that on <u>*lifebur 3' d*</u>, 20<u>24</u>, I have mailed the Petition for a Writ of Habeas Corpus, as noted by a check mark ( $\sqrt{}$ ), to the following attorney by placing a copy in the United States Mail, postage prepaid:

🕺 State of Montana (see INSTRUCTIONS #9) Office of the Attorney General P. O. Box 201401 Helena, MT 59620-1401 or County Attorney (see INSTRUCTIONS #9) [Write name of County] ..... p. 5 of 5

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Montana Supreme Court (Rev. April 2021)