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Case Number: DA 23-0154

Appendix A

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ANGIE SPARKS, Clerk of District Court By D.M. Joramo L. Deputy Clerk

MONTANA FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT LEWIS AND CLARK COUNTY

AGNES ADVENTURES, LLC,

Plaintiff/Appellee,

v.

JORDI ANZIK,

Defendant/Appellant.

Cause No.: ADV-2022-1071

ORDER ON APPEAL FROM JUSTICE COURT

Plaintiff/Appellant Agnes Adventures, LLC (Agnes) appeals the judgment entered in the Lewis and Clark County Justice Court of Record, Case No. CV-515-LT-2022-0000799. David B. Gallik represents Agnes. Mimi S. Wolok represents Defendant/Appellee Jordi Anzik.

PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

This case arises from an action for possession of a mobile home lot under the provisions of the Montana Residential Mobile Home Lot Rental Act. Mont. Code Ann. §§ 70-33-101 through -434. Agnes is the owner/operator of real property known as Western Skies Mobile Home Park located in Helena,

Montana. Anzik is a tenant, entitled under a rental agreement to occupy the lot on a month-to-month tenancy pursuant to Montana Code Annotated § 70-33-201(2)(e). Anzik began renting the lot in March 2022. There is no rental agreement between the parties.

On September 2, 2022, Agnes' designated agent and manager, John Schaffer, served Anzik by certified mail a "30 DAY NOTICE TO QUIT AND TERMINATE THE RENTAL AGREEMENT." Schaffer used a form prepared by the Montana Association of Realtors for Big Sky Brokers Real Estate (Exhibit 1). The form mistakenly indicated Anzik's month-to-month tenancy was "hereby terminated according to the provision of M.C.A. 70-24-441," citing the notice provision of the Residential Landlord and Tenant Act of 1977. Mont. Code Ann. §§ 70-24-101 through -442. In subsequent briefing before the justice court, Agnes noted it was proceeding pursuant to Montana Code Annotated § 70-33-106(1)(c), which establishes the notice requirements under the Montana Residential Mobile Home Lot Rental Act. In any event, Agnes provided notice of its intent to terminate Anzik's month to month tenancy.

On October 11, 2022, Agnes filed the present action for possession of the mobile home lot, and for attorney fees and any additional expenses and damages resulting from the removal and storage of the mobile home and damage to the lot. In its complaint, Agnes noted Anzik's tenancy expired on October 10, 2022.

The parties appeared before the justice court for a bench trial on November 9, 2022. The justice court noted the parties did not have a written rental agreement and there was no evidence Anzik failed to pay lot rent. In its

order dated November 15, 2022, the justice court concluded Agnes failed to provide notice of its intent to terminate the rental agreement, because the notice Agnes sent Anzik referred to the statutory notice requirement of the Residential Landlord and Tenant Act—not the Residential Mobile Home Lot Rental Act. Further, relying upon Montana Code Annotated § 70-33-433, which establishes grounds for termination of rental agreement, the justice court concluded there was no evidence Anzik was noncompliant with the rental agreement or otherwise met the conditions for termination set forth in the statute. Accordingly, the justice court entered judgment for Anzik and dismissed Agnes' complaint for possession of the mobile home lot.

STANDARD OF REVIEW

A party may appeal a judgment or order from justice court to district court pursuant to Montana Code Annotated § 3-10-115(1). "The appeal is confined to a review of the record and questions of law." *Id.* The district court reviews any factual findings under the clearly erroneous standard, any discretionary rulings for abuse of discretion, and both legal conclusions and mixed questions of law and fact under the de novo standard. *Stanley v. Lemire*, 2006 MT 304, ¶ 25, 334 Mont. 489, 148 P.3d 643.

The Montana Uniform Municipal Court Rules of Appeal to District Court also apply to appeals from justice court to district court. *State v. Frazier*, 2005 MT 99, ¶ 4, 326 Mont. 524, 111 P.3d 215; Mont. Code Ann. § 3-10-115(4). The record on appeal is confined to an electronic recording and all documents filed in the justice court. Mont. Code Ann. § 3-10-115(2). The district court may "affirm, reverse, or amend" any judgment or may "direct that a new trial or further proceeding" be held in justice court. Mont. Code Ann. § 3-10-115(3).

DISCUSSION

Anzik disputes that she received actual notice the lease agreement expired. The Court disagrees. The Montana Residential Mobile Home Lot Rental Act establishes the notice requirement in this matter. Pursuant to Montana Code Annotated § 70-33-106(1):

A person has notice of a fact if:

- (a) the person has actual knowledge of the fact;
- (c) in the case of a landlord or tenant, the notice is personally delivered to the landlord or tenant or mailed with a certificate of mailing or by certified mail to the place held out by the landlord or tenant as the place for receipt of the communication or, in the absence of a designation, to the landlord's or tenant's last-known address.

Mont. Code Ann. § 70-33-106(1). Here, John Schaffer, manager of Agnes' mobile home park, served Anzik by certified mail a notice to quit and terminate the rental agreement. Although the form Schaffer used mistakenly indicated Anzik's month to month tenancy was terminated according to the provisions of the Residential Landlord and Tenant Act, Schaffer provided actual notice that Agnes sought to terminate the rental agreement in accordance with Montana Code Annotated § 70-33-106. No provision of the Residential Mobile Home Lot Rental Act requires a landlord or tenant to cite the title, chapter and section of the notice requirement when providing notice pursuant to its terms.

Anzik next disputes Agnes' claim the month-to-month rental agreement expired or was otherwise terminated. According to Anzik, Montana Code Annotated § 70-33-433 establishes exclusive grounds for termination of a rental agreement for a mobile home lot. Unless a tenant violates one of the

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provisions identified in this statute, Agnes cannot terminate Anzik's mobile home lot tenancy without reason.

Agnes argues Anzik's reliance on Montana Code Annotated § 70-33-433 is misplaced. According to Agnes, the justice court has created a life estate for Anzik in the mobile home park. As long as Anzik continues to pay rent and does not take any action to establish grounds for termination under the statute, the justice court holding would allow her to remain on the lot indefinitely. Agnes claims that Anzik is a holdover tenant, as she has remained on the property after Agnes terminated the lease. Thus, Agnes can bring an action for possession pursuant to Montana Code Annotated § 70-33-429(1). The Court agrees.

Anzik began renting the lot in March 2022. As there is no rental agreement between the parties, the tenancy is from month-to-month pursuant to Montana Code Annotated § 70-33-201(2)(e). Shaffer served Anzik the notice to quit and terminate the rental agreement on September 2, 2022. By October 11, 2022, the day Agnes filed its complaint for possession of the mobile home lot, Anzik was a holdover tenant who remained on the lot without Agnes' consent after the lease expired. The remedies for Agnes are set forth in Montana Code Annotated § 70-33-429(1), which provides:

If the tenant remains in possession without the landlord's consent after expiration of the term of the rental agreement or other termination of the rental agreement, the landlord may bring an action for possession. If the tenant's holdover is purposeful and not in good faith, the landlord may recover an amount of not more than three months' rent or treble damages, whichever is greater.

Mont. Code Ann. § 70-33-429(1)

Based on the foregoing, the Court concludes the justice court erred in granting judgment for Anzik and denying Agnes' claim for possession of the mobile home lot.

ORDER

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED the judgment of the Lewis and Clark County justice court of record is reversed. This matter is remanded to the justice court for further proceedings consistent with this Order.

DATED this _____ day of February 2023.

MIKE MENAHAN
District Court Judge

c: David B. Gallik, Esq., 1124 Billings Avenue, Helena MT 59601 Mimi S. Wolok, Esq., 316 West Lawrence Street, Helena MT 59601 Lewis & Clark County Justice Court, via courthouse mail

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