		FILED 11/05/2020 Bowen Greenwood CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT STATE OF MONTANA CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT STATE OF MONTANA Case Number: DA 20-0460
1 2	KELLY J. VARNES HENDRICKSON LAW FIRM, P.C. 208 North Broadway, Suite 324	2020 CC 25 P 4 55
3	P. O. Box 2502 Billings, MT 59103-2502	FILED
4	Telephone: (406) 245-6238 <u>kelly@hendricksonlawmt.com</u>	
6	Attorney for Respondent/Appellee	
7	IN THE SUPREME COURT O	F THE STATE OF MONTANA
8 9	IN RE THE MARRIAGE OF	CASE NO. DA 20-0460
10	DAVINA ATTAR-WILLIAMS,	
11	Petitioner/Appellant,	APPELLEE'S MEMORANDUM OPPOSING APPELLANT'S
12 13	and	MOTION FOR A STAY OF THE DISTRICT COURT FINDINGS AND
14	STEVEN THOMAS WILLIAMS,	DECREE
15	Respondent/Appellee.	
16	COMES NOW Appellee through cour	nsel, and submits the following memorandum
17 18	for the consideration of the court in opposition	n to the Appellant's motion for a stay.
19	Appellant is a lawyer and should know	v better. So is the Appellee. The nut in this

case is that Appellant and her counsel negotiated a parenting plan during the first day of

negotiated changes to the plan and initialed those changes. Not surprisingly, the district

court adopted this parenting plan. The plan and order of the district court are attached as

exhibit 1. From the time she agreed to the parenting plan, Appellant has tried to undo it

trial. This plan was signed by Appellant and Appellee, and counsel. Appellant even

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and the district court properly would have nothing of the sorts. Appellant as a lawyer, 1 surely understood what her signature would mean to a settlement of parenting during a 2 divorce trial. The case proceeded on the remaining property issues. See exhibit 1. 3 Appellant has refused to follow the parenting plan that she signed and initialed. Instead, 4 she filed with the district court and this court everything she could think of to try and make 5 a record for why the parenting plan should be voided. However, nothing of the sort was 6 7 presented during the trial or related proceedings. She now blames her lawyer (of which she 8 had three different ones during the district court proceedings) and the court itself for 9 adopting the parenting plan. 10 Appellant sought a stay from the district court of the findings and decree. The court 11 denied the motion. See exhibit 2. Currently pending before the district court is a hearing 12 13 on an order to show cause why Appellant should not be held in contempt for refusing to 14 follow the parenting plan that she negotiated, signed, and initialed. See exhibit 3. 15 Appellant now seeks a stay from this court and that request should be denied. She 16 first contends that the district court did not understand the evidence and erred in the 17 division of the assets and debt. Both parties are to receive money in the case from the 18 proceeds of the sale of the martial home. Those funds are held in the trust account of 19 20 Appellee's counsel and will remain there pending an order of a court in this proceeding. 21 Appellant has already indicated she would not accept a payment per the district court order 22 and so those funds remain with counsel. No stay is necessary. 23 Next, Appellant contends that the district court failed to consider any evidence 24 regarding whether the parenting plan is in the best interests of the parties' two minor 25 children. It is no wonder why this happened when Appellant signed, initialed and

	negotiated a parenting plan. It is not hard to figure that the district court would not buy			
1	Appellant's excuses that the parenting plan was the result of coercion or fraud by her			
2	lawyer, that she did not understand what she was doing, or that the district court was			
4	somehow biased against her and in favor of Steve's counsel. The items set forth in			
5	5 Appellant's affidavit filed with this court do not amount to any sort of bias against her a			
6	the record will bear such out. Appellant's real problem here is that she does not care to			
7 follow advise that she does not like. Such is evident from her termination of three				
8	during this case and then that she attempted to complete the trial pro se. This had			
9 10	foreseeable adverse consequences for her. Now she has nothing left but to attack an			
11	equitable decision, attack her prior counsel, attack the court and the court's assistant (who			
12	has not been in the employ of Appellee's counsel's office since April of 2016).			
13	Appellant chose not to present any evidence at the trial regarding the best interests			
14	of the minor children in the parenting plan. The district court gave her ample opportunity			
15	for a hearing on the parenting plan. Appellant chose not to request such a hearing. She			
16 17				
18	Since no stay of the decree has been entered and the district court correctly			
19	determined that Appellee should be parenting his children, a hearing on the contempt of			
20	Appellant was warranted. State ex re. Kaasa v. District Court of Seventeenth Judicial			
21	District, 177 Mont. 547, 582 P.2d 772 (1978). The district court correctly noted that			
22	Appellant had not secured a bond pending this appeal. Upon her request that a bond be			
 23 Appendix full not seeded a cond pending and appendix for a pendix for a pe				
25	are being held in counsel's trust account. Any modification of a decision, or award of costs			
	or interest can be allocated in the distribution of those funds to the parties at the appropriate			

	time. This arrangement protects or secures Appellee's rights during this appeal. Safeco
1	Insurance Company v. Lovely Agency, 215 Mont. 420, 697 P.2d 1354 (1985).
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3	DATED this 26th day of October, 2020.
4	HENDRICKSON LAW FIRM, P.C.
5	P. O. Box 2502 Billings, MT 59103-2502
6	AN OPPL
7	By: Kelly J. Vapnes
8	Attorney for Respondent
9	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
10	This is to certify that a true and correct copy of the
11	foregoing was served by certified U. S. Mail upon all parties and/or counsel of record as follows:
12	Davina Attar-Williams
13	4210 Arrowwood Drive Billings, MT 59106
14	on the 26th day of October, 2020.
15	HENDRICKSON LAW FIRM, P.C.
16	By: Nith Soldenuth
17	Cristy Goldsmith, Legal Assistant
18	
19	cc: Steven Thomas Williams
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1 2 3 3 3 5	HENDRICKSON LAW FIRM, P.C.208 North Broadway, Suite 324P.O. Box 2502Billings, MT 59103-2502phone: (406) 245-6238kelly@hendricksonlawmt.comW			
. 6				
7				
8	MONTANA THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT, YELLOWSTONE COUNTY			
10) DAVINA ATTAR-WILLIAMS,) Judge: Donald L. Harris			
11	Petitioner,)			
12	, and) DECREE OF DISSOLUTION			
13	STEVEN THOMAS WILLIAMS,			
14	Respondent.			
15	TO: Davina Attar-Williams, 4210 Arrowwood Drive, Billings, Montana 59106:			
16 17	THE ADD TO THE ADD DOT OF 1 the Desire of Dissolution of Merriago Mag			
18	entered in the Montana Thirteenth Judicial District Court, Yellowstone County, and signed by			
19	the Honorable Donald L. Harris on the 9th day of September, 2020, a true and correct copy of			
20				
21	DATED this 11th day of September, 2020.			
22				
23	HENDRICKSON LAW FIRM, P.C. P.O. Box 2502			
24	Billings, Montana 59103-2502 Attorneys for Respondent			
25	By: <u>By:</u> KELLY, VARNES EXHIBIT			

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE This is to certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was served by U. S. Mail upon all parties and/or counsel of record as follows: Davina Attar-Williams 4210 Arrowwood Drive Billings, Montana 59106 on the 11th day of September, 2020. HENDRICKSON LAW FIRM, P.C. By: Assistant Cristy Goldsmi

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7	MONTANA THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT					
8		STONE COUNTY				
.9	DAVINA ATTAR-WILLIAMS,) CAUSE NO. DR 19-893				
10	Petitioner,) JUDGE DONALD L. HARRIS				
11	VS.)				
12	STEVEN T. WILLIAMS,	 FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND 				
13	Respondent.) FINAL DECREE OF) DISSOLUTION				
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15		14 of 2020 the Court conducted a non-jury trial				
16	in this case. Petitioner Davina Attar-	r-Williams and Respondent Steven Williams				
17	appeared each trial day. Davina was re	epresented by Joseph Raffiant on June 2, but				
18 19	appeared pro se on August 3 and August 14 after consenting to Mr. Raffiani's					
19 20	withdrawal. Steven was represented by	/ his attorney Kelly Varnes throughout the trial.				
20		ments presented, the Court makes the following				
22	Findings of Fact:					
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24	<u>I MONOO OI I NO.</u>					
25	1. The parties were married on June 7, 2014 in Helena, Montana.					
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12.Two children were born of the parties' marriage: A.J.W. (Age 5) and2A.R.W. (age 1).

3 3. Both parties are attorneys licensed to practice law in Montana. After living and practicing law in Helena, the parties moved to Billings in 2015.

4. The parties separated in August 2019. At that time, both Davina and
7 Steven were practicing law with private law firms in Billings. Davina was employed by
8 the Brown Law Firm. Steven was employed by the law firm of Knight, Nicastro and
9 MacKay.

10 5. The parties' marriage is irretrievably broken because of serious marital
11 discord and there is no reasonable prospect of reconciliation. Both parties had resided
12 in Yellowstone County for several years preceding the filing of the Petition for
14 Dissolution of Marriage in this case.

15 6. The parties' marital estate should be equitably apportioned between the
16 parties as set forth in Exhibit 1 attached hereto.

The Court finds that both parties contributed to building and maintaining
 their marital estate through the income they earned as lawyers. Both parties worked
 full-time as practicing lawyers during their marriage.

8. The parties agreed upon most of the asset and liability valuations on
Exhibit 1. One significant difference is the value of the Wells Fargo 4025 account.
Davina valued that account at \$1,000 while Steven valued the account at \$15,000.
Steven's valuation was based upon a January 2020 account statement, Exhibit N.
Davina testified that she had used the money in the Wells Fargo 4025 account for living

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expenses and that \$1,000 reflected the approximate account balance at the time of trial.
Neither party produced an account statement for the Wells Fargo 4025 account as of
the time of trial. Because the January 2020 account statement is nearly six months old
and the Court finds Davina's testimony credible on this issue, the Court finds that the
account should be valued at \$1,000.

7 9. Though the parties do not dispute the valuation of nearly all of their assets
8 and liabilities, they do disagree on whether monies that they received from Davina's
9 parents over the years should be repaid from the parties' marital estate.

10 The Court finds that Davina's parents gave Davina and Steve thousands 10. 11 of dollars during their marriage to help them buy, remodel, and furnish their homes and 12 for clothing, toys, and furniture for their children. Davina's parents also paid for moving 13 costs, house cleaning, repairs, and made car payments. Davina's mother also provided 14 daycare to the parties' children. Davina estimates that her parents provided about 15 \$100,000 in financial help to the parties over the years. Davina requests that her 16 17 parents be repaid from the marital estate with each party paying 50%.

18 The undisputed testimony at trial, however, was that the financial 11. 19 assistance from Davina's parents were gifts, not loans. Davina's parents provided the 20 financial assistance without any expectation of repayment or any promise from Davina 21 or Steven that they would be repaid. There are no documents or writings evidencing 22 that Davina's parents were loaning money to Davina and Steven. To the contrary, the 23 24 only documents in writing about financial assistance from Davina's parents state that 25 they were gifting Davina and Steve the money: "As we've mentioned, my parents are 26

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generously paying for the flooring as a housewarming gift, and I believe they weren't 1 willing to pay more than \$19k, but that's something they would have to discuss with you or Terry when the time is right." Exhibit P - October 14, 2016 email from Davina to Steven: Exhibit Q - \$20,000 gift letter from Davina's father to Steven for down payment on Helena home dated June 14, 2012.

Davina's parents have not asserted any claims against either Davina or 12. 7 8 Steven for repayment of any of the financial assistance they provided to the parties. 9 The Court finds that the financial assistance Davina's parents provided to the parties 10 were gifts made to both parties. Their financial assistance was all of a kind and 11 character to benefit the parties and their children. No evidence was presented that any of the financial assistance provided by Davina's parents was a gift only to Davina and not to Steve. Daving acknowledged that both she and Steven should be equally responsible for repaying her parents.

The Court finds that because Davina's parents gifted their financial 13. assistance to Davina and Steve, there is no legal or equitable basis upon which the Court can order Davina's parents to be repaid from the parties' marital estate.

The parties agree and the Court finds that the parties' student loans are 14. premarital liabilities which should not be included as marital estate liabilities. Each party will be responsible for their own student loans.

The Court finds that based upon the length of the parties' marriage and 15. their contributions to the marriage, their net marital estate should be apportioned approximately on an equal basis. To accomplish this, Davina will be required to make

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an equalization payment to Steven in the amount of \$20,000. This amount should be distributed to Steven from the sale proceeds of the parties' 2039 East Ridge Drive home.

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16. The parties already divided their personal property and, except for
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8 17. On June 2, 2020 the parties agreed upon a parenting plan. The terms of
9 the plan are set forth in a two-page Agreement (the "Parenting Agreement"). Exhibit 2
10 attached. Davina signed and dated both pages of the Parenting Agreement. Steven
11 signed the first page of the Parenting Agreement and his counsel signed the second
12 page of the Parenting Agreement on Steven's behalf.

18. On July 14, 2020 Steven moved to enforce the parties' Parenting
Agreement. Davina opposes enforcement of the Parenting Agreement on the grounds
that her counsel fraudulently deceived and coerced her into signing the Parenting
Agreement.

18 19. The parties briefed the issue of whether the Parenting Agreement is
19 enforceable. Both parties agreed the Court should deem the matter submitted for
20 decision based on the briefs. Neither party requested the Court to conduct an
22 evidentiary hearing on whether the Parenting Agreement is enforceable.

23 20. Davina argues that her counsel coerced her into signing the Parenting
 24 Agreement based upon his opinion that she would likely do worse if the Court
 25 determined the terms of a parenting plan and by assuring her that signing the Parenting
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Agreement was the right decision. Davina argues her counsel deceived her by telling
 her she could modify the parenting plan if it did not work out. Davina also claims that
 her counsel failed to listen to her, failed to follow her instructions, refused to negotiate
 for better terms, and failed to properly represent her.

6 21. In reviewing the parties' Parenting Agreement, the Court finds that it sets
7 forth the essential terms of a parenting plan and provides both parents with frequent
8 and continuing contact with their children. The Court finds that both parties consented
9 to the Parenting Agreement.

22. The Court further finds that Davina understood the terms of the Parenting
Agreement when she signed the agreement. The terms of the parties' Parenting
Agreement are straightforward and unambiguous. Davina is an experienced litigation
attorney. The terms of the Parenting Agreement are well within her ability to
comprehend.

16 23. The Court finds that the Parenting Agreement does not indicate an
 17 Intention by either party not to be bound by their agreement. The Parenting Agreement
 18 reflects that both parties unconditionally agreed to its terms upon signing the
 19 Agreement.

24. The Court finds that Davina's dissatisfaction with her counsel does not
 support her claims that she was coerced or deceived into signing the Parenting
 Agreement. By her own admission, Davina was unhappy with her counsel's
 recommendation that she should sign the Parenting Agreement. That her counsel gave
 her his recommendation is not evidence of coercion. Davina was free to reject his

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1	recommendation and proceed to trial to establish a parenting plan. ¹ The Court also				
2	finds no evidence that Davina's counsel somehow deceived her into signing the				
3 Parenting Agreement. The Parenting Agreement's terms are clear and readily					
4	understandable. Davina does not contend that the Parenting Agreement was modi				
5 by adding or deleting terms after she signed the Agreement.					
7	25. While it is apparent that Davina now regrets signing the Parenting				
8	Agreement, the Court finds that Davina failed to provide sufficient evidence for the Court				
9					
10	0 Agreement is enforceable.				
11	Based upon the above Findings of Fact, the Court enters the following				
12 13	Conclusions of Law				
14	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW				
15	1. The parties' marriage should be dissolved.				
16	2. After considering the factors set forth in Mont. Code Ann. § 40-4-202, the				
17					
18	forth on Exhibit 1 attached hereto.				
19 20	3. The Court concludes that the parties' Parenting Agreement is an				
20 21	Code App. S 40.4-212(1) is in the best				
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23	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
24	Following the November 13, 2019 hearing to establish an interim parenting plan and a family support				
25	order, Davina filed an emergency motion to supplement the record "Due to [her] Counsel's Unethical				
26	dissatisfied with the initial attorney who represented her and regretted following his advice. Wr. Ramani was the third attorney to represent Davina in this case.				
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Agreement, attached as Exhibit 2, should be approved and adopted as the Final
 Parenting Plan.

FINAL DECREE OF MARITAL DISSOLUTION

Based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law;

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED:

1. That the parties' marriage is DISSOLVED;

8 2. That the parties' marital estate shall be equitable apportioned as set forth
9 on Exhibit 1 attached, that the parties shall promptly execute and deliver all documents
10 necessary to effectuate the division of property set forth on Exhibit 1, and that Davina
11 shall make an equalization payment to Steven in the amount of \$20,000.00 from the
13 sale proceeds of the 2039 East Ridge Drive home within ten (10) days of the date of this
14 Final Decree;

That the parties' Parenting Agreement is approved and adopted as the
 Final Parenting Plan and the parties are ordered to comply with the terms of the
 Parenting Agreement, including the provisions for child support and medical support for
 their children.

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DATED this 4 day of September, 2020

Kelly Varnes

Davina Attar-Williams:

Donald L. Harris, District Court Judge

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PROPERTY DISTRIBUTION DR 19-893

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EXHIBIT 1

	ASSETS	ļ			~
	Description	 	Davina	ļ	Steven
<u>. </u>		- m'	<u></u>	¢.	74 500 01
	2039 East Ridge Drive, Billings MT	\$	74,538.22	\$	74,538.21
	Wells Fargo 5463 (checking)	\$		\$	2,968.34
3	Wells Fargo 1491 (savings)	\$	ч .	\$	781.00
4	Wells Fargo 8328 (savings)	\$	-	\$	375,00
Sec. Sec.	Capital One Savings	\$	150.00	\$	
6	Wells Fargo 4025	\$	1,000.00	\$	
7	Etrade - Kennedy	\$		\$	
	Etrade - Davina	\$	4,255.00	\$	·
9	529 accounts for children	\$	-	\$	
10	Knight De Castro 401k (Steven)	\$		\$	8,414.19
11	Brown Law Firm 401k (Davina)	\$	29,000.00	\$	ند ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
12:	JP Morgan	\$.	\$	
13	2013 VW Tiguan	\$	10,496.00	\$	-
	2019 VW Atlas	\$	44,729.00	\$	
15	2007 Toyota Corolla	\$	-	\$	2,500.00
	Wells Fargo Savings	\$	87.00		
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	164,255.22	\$	89,576.74
<u></u>		1			
	LIABILITIES	1.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1-	Description.	l:	*****		1
1	STW Closing Credit	\$	500.00	\$	5,000.00
2	Steve's Student Loans*	\$. .	\$	332,288.00
3.	Davina's Student Loans*	\$	326,098.00	\$	
4	Discover Credit Card	\$	15,034.00	\$	°-44
5	Chase Credit Card	\$	·. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	2,764.00
	Discover Credit Card	\$	نو نو	\$	13,232.00
7	Wells Fargo Visa	\$	2,336.00	\$	•
	Steve's 401k Loan			\$	13,912.19
	Loan on 2019 Atlas	\$	44,729.00		
	Loan on 2013 VW Tiguan	\$	10,496.00	\$	
11	Tax Bill			\$	3,204.71
	2016 Tax Bill	-		\$	881.04
14	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	73,095.00	5	38,993.94
<u></u>	SUBTOTAL (Assets - Liabilities [excluding student loans])	\$	91,160.22	S	50,582.80
·	Equalization Payment	S		\$	20,000.00
<u></u> .	NET MARITAL ESTATE	\$	71,160.22	\$	70,582.80

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- Commencing July 1, 2020, Steven shall be the primary custodian.⁴Davina will parent alternating weekends, from Friday at 6pm until Sunday at 6pm. This arrangement will continue until one week prior to the commencement of the 2020-2021 school year.
- 2. School year: Davina shall be the primary custodian. Steven shall parent on alternating weekends, from Friday at 6pm until Sunday at 6pm, and every Tuesday and Thursday from 6 until 8pm. The parties will alternate holidays according to the court services/family resource department's holiday schedule.
- 3. Rose Milbauer, Davina's mother, will provide all daycare services for Atticus and Avery until Avery starts kindergarten, in cluding cave when the children are with Steven."
- 4. The parties will exercise shared custody on a 50/50 basis, presumably on a week-on, week-off basis, starting in August of 2024.
- 5. Steven shall pay child support on the 1st of the month, commencing July 1, 2020, in the amount of \$400.00 per month.
- 6. Steven will continue to pay the children's health insurance premiums. The parties shall split uncovered medical expenses on a 50/50 basis.
- 7. For calendar years 2020 up to and including 2024, Davina shall declare both Atticus and Avery as her dependents and shall receive any credits for all tax filings. Staring in 2025, the parties shall claim both children in alternating years for said purposes.
- 8. Davina agrees the order or protection against Steven shall be dissolved by the court.
- 9. The parties agree that day-to-day decision making regarding the children shall fall to the care provider. Major decisions shall be made through agreement of the parties.

Alvuna astor

-02024 Commencery Summers 2021: Steve shall be the primag clustodia starting / week after school ends, until I week prive to the commencement of sebook the 2021-2022 school geor. Davina will parent alter nating weekends from Friday at 6pm until Sunday at 6pm. Darina will pare 9 days vacation with the children at a time of her choosing.

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1 declines to rule upon the Petitioner's Motion for Leave to Amend.

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II.

Motion for Stay.

Rule 22(1)(c), Mont.R.App.P., grants this Court the authority to rule upon
Petitioner's Motion to Stay. Petitioner requests this Court to stay enforcement of its Final
Decree of Marital Dissolution because (1) one of the parties' children, A.R.W., is not
ready for "sleepovers"; and (2) the Petitioner cannot afford reduced child support because
she lost her job "weeks before the Court's ruling."

This case was tried over three days: June 2nd, August 3rd, and August 14th. On 9 10 June 2nd the Petitioner and Respondent entered into a written Parenting Plan agreement. 11 Both parties were represented by counsel during the negotiations that resulted in their 12 agreement. Under their Parenting Plan, the parties agreed that the Petitioner would be 13 the primary residential custodian of their children, A.J.W. (age 5) and A.R.W. (age 1), 14 during the school year with the Respondent having parenting time on alternating 15 16 weekends from Friday at 6:00 p.m. unfil Sunday at 6:00 p.m. and on every Tuesday and 17 Thursday evening from 6:00 p.m. until 8:00 p.m. Starting July 1, 2020, the Respondent 18 was to become the children's primary custodian with the Petitioner having parenting time 19 on alternating weekends and on Tuesday and Thursday evenings from 6:00 p.m. to 8:00 20 p.m. The Petitioner was also entitled to nine days of vacation with the children each 21 summer. The parties also agreed to alternative parenting time on holidays. 22

In their Parenting Plan, the parties also agreed upon child support and health
insurance for the children. The parties agreed (1) that Respondent would pay the
Petitioner \$400.00 a month in child support beginning July 1, 2020; (2) that the
Respondent would continue to pay for the children's health insurance; and (3) that the

parties would each pay for half of all uncovered medical expenses. 1

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The Petitioner has refused to follow the parties' Parenting Plan agreement. The 2 Petitioner claims she was coerced and deceived into signing the parenting agreement by her counsel. The Petitioner, who is also an experienced trial lawyer, asserted this claim after her previous attorney withdrew. The parties agreed that the Court could decide whether their Parenting Plan agreement was enforceable based upon the parties' briefing. In its Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, the Court found no evidence that Petitioner's counsel had deceived or coerced her into signing the Parenting Plan 10 agreement. The Court concluded that the parties' Parenting Plan agreement was enforceable and was in the children's best interests. The Court approved and adopted 12 the parties' Parenting Plan agreement as the Final Parenting Plan and ordered the parties 13 to comply with its terms. 14

In her Motion to Stay, the Petitioner claims that A.R.W. is not ready for sleepovers 15 16 and that she cannot afford a reduction in child support after losing her job. Though 17 Petitioner now claims A.R.W. is not ready to stay overnight with his father, on June 2nd 18 she agreed to a parenting plan in which A.R.W. would regularly stay overnight with his 19 father. As the Court previously determined in its November 20, 2019 order, the 20 Respondent is not a danger to his children and that they are not at risk of abuse or 21 neglect while in his care. Interim Parenting Plan and Temporary Family Support Order, 22 23 Doc. No. 32. The Court further found that it is in the children's best interests to have 24 regular parenting time with their father.

25 After the close of evidence on August 14th, the Petitioner did inform he Court that 26 she had lost her job at the Brown Law Firm. The Petitioner, however, did not request the 27

Court to modify the child support amount she agreed to in the parties' Parenting 1 Agreement. The Petitioner's Motion to Stay is perfunctory and provides the Court with insufficient information to determine when the Petitioner became unemployed, why she became unemployed, what efforts she has made to become employed, or whether income should be imputed to her. The Petitioner also has failed to comply with the Rule 22(1)(b), Mont.R.App.P., requirement of posting a sufficient bond to reimburse the 8 Respondent if her appeal is unsuccessful.

The Court concludes that the Petitioner has failed to demonstrate good cause for 9 this Court to stay the enforcement of the Final Decree of Marital Dissolution. The children need to have regular parenting time with their father. The Final Decree incorporates the 12 terms of the parenting plan that the Petitioner agreed upon, including child support. The 13 Court also notes that the Petitioner will receive about \$54,000.00 from the sale proceeds 14 15 from the 2039 East Ridge Drive residence.

The Petitioner's Motion to Stay Execution of Decree Pending Appeal is DENIED.

DATED this day of October, 2020.

District Court Judge Harris,

ÇÇ: **Davina Williams** Kelly J. Varnes

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MONTANA THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT, YELLOWSTONE COUNTY

IN RE THE MARRIAGE OF

DAVINA ATTAR-WILLIAMS,

Petitioner,

and

STEVEN THOMAS WILLIAMS,

Respondent.

Upon motion of Respondent,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Petitioner shall appear before the Court on the 9th day of November, 2020, at 9:00 o'clock a.m., and show what cause she has, if any, why Petitioner should not be held in contempt for her refusal to follow the parenting plan that was incorporated into the decree of dissolution entered in this case dated September 9, 2020.

DATED this 7th day of October, 2020.

JUDGE DONALD L. HARRIS



cc: Kelly J. Varnes Davina Attar-Williams No: DR 19-0893

Judge: Donald L. Harris

ORDER SETTING SHOW CAUSE HEARING

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Kelly J. Varnes, hereby certify that I have served true and accurate copies of the foregoing Other - Other to the following on 10-26-2020:

Davina Attar-Williams (Appellant) 4210 Arrowwood Drive Billings MT 59106 Service Method: Conventional

> Electronically Signed By: Kelly J. Varnes Dated: 10-26-2020