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09/11/2020

Bowen Greenwood

CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT 7018 0680 0001 1349 0413 OF OF MONTANA

Case Number: DA 20-0326

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Bowen Greenwood Clerk of Supreme Court State of Montana

# The Montana Supreme Court

CITY OF GREAT FALLS, Plaintiff/Respondent	) CAUSE NO. DA 20-0326 ) Dept. No. ) Judge.
vs.	)
SAXON DRU POLICH, In Propria Persona, Defendant/Petitioner saxon dru	<ul> <li>PETITIONER BRIEF: FINDING OF</li> <li>FACTS</li> </ul>
Intervenor	

# WRIT OF RIGHT

# TRULY

But most inadvertently by happenstance where no coincidence goes without consideration of Notice.

This document shall stand unto and for All by way of One so called to effect Light upon a colossal conquest on the waters of the realm commonly known as Planet Earth; *id est*, *plane[t]*, *plan* [U+0115]t; *Thera*, [U+0115]ra *thë*.

I, as One, saxon dru, in Spirit, born in formation under the Highest and Most infinitely enveloping, immovable, and undying Law of which we find ourselves immersed within, before Time, but then again in substance unto the Waters of tracy anne of tefft by the Light emanating robert harold of polich on the 12th day of June in the year of 1984, into the family of Polich, am the man created and creator thus forth, Stand to Honor these Truths.

Whereas, upon, and thereby was effected and created the juristic person SAXON DRU POLICH by the number 1997709, thus "berth" in personam, upon the Title held by STATE OF MONTANA, on the 20th day of June 1984.

- The person, *in personam*, SAXON DRU POLICH, *ens legis*, ALL CAPS: CAPITIS DIMINUTIO MAXIMA, "person," not to be respected, created and held in Bailment, under Fiduciary Obligation of the UNITED STATES and/or STATE OF MONTANA and its respective Official Executive Agents, being so entitled the full faith and credit of the United States of America, by which effects beneficial interests, transferrable from one entity to another, by right of subrogation, for means of efficient commerce between One or more parties, has found relevance in distinguishing for the sake of dis-joinder in this matter.
- 2. STATE OF MONTANA, is a incorporated STATE of the UNITED STATES, a corporation **28USC§3002(15)A**, bound by the by-laws, statute, code, public policy, under consented contracts by way of sworn Officials thereof to serve there under and be bound thereby, liable to penalization for infringements upon such contracts, as well as damages for acting outside the authority of such contract at the usurpation of precepts of Principal Law long antecedent and edified throughout the Great Writs of men endowed with such sights.
- 3. One, born saxon dru by the family line of polich, a living man, has not been shown to be a citizen, resident, individual, person, or otherwise statutorily defined "term" being a subject, ward, incumbent, or slave otherwise

saxon dru SAXON DRU POLICH Post Office Box 13 Ulm, Montana (406) 788 1897 Sui Juris.

of the UNITED STATES or any STATE there-OF, One's understanding of any such code of authority is only to the extent in conformance within the Law of the Land Common to All in Equity as far as accord in the Precepts and Evidences of Divine Force bearing upon All Spirits imbued with Dominion on this Plane of Existence, as One does not wish to subject its substance to the by-laws of any such private corporate structures in exchange for its privileges or benefits. Hereby this court is NOTICED that Saxon Dru rescinds any and all presumptions this Court may have otherwise; any claims contrary without evidencing due consideration in the form of a Lawful valid Contract are notwithstanding.

- 4. One gives Full Faith in the Oaths and Bonds of All acting Officials in All circumstance relating, pertaining, or involving this matters subject are Accepted for their Stated value as a binding Contract. *To Wit;* All Individual Official Oaths are Accepted as Surety in this Matter, as a Contract to be maintained in the faithful service to all codes, statutes, laws, regulations, or nomenclatures otherwise of the United States for the preservation and maintenance of such faculties integrity to provide Equal Justice for All.
- 5. Sworn Officials have no authority to act outside of the United States land holdings, the United States being "State" means any of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas, or any territory or possession of the United States. saxon dru has not been shown to be land or territory owned by the United States or it's "State Of" Montana.
- 6. saxon dru is not SAXON DRU POLICH and will not be held as surety against the STATES creation in further compounding of its debt; any attempt to create joinder between the living and dead is declined, denied, objected to, and in the case of imposition and compelled performance will be considered under actual fraud, tax fraud, racketeering, embezzlement, breech, deceit, depravation, despotism, slavey, treason, immoral and conscious act against the life, freedom, and pursuit of happiness of one living under and respecting the supreme order of all living in spirit of the creator most high, commonly and indelibly but fallibly referred to as God; *i.e.* dog.
- 7. saxon dru has given no allegiance to the STATE, has sworn no oaths, agreed to no Lawful contracts, has not accepted any benefit but those which have been either imposed, compelled, effected as unconscionable contracts, or inadvertently and inherently derived in day to day activities between interactions within society and fellow man, does not consent, and does not reside with the STATE, but lives within the Temple of substance bequeathed and beset upon the Land by the Creators Divine Providence alone and recognized or frequently referred to as saxon dru a man embodied by the Spirit of Truth.
- 8. saxon dru is an authorized signatory/principal/agent/beneficial interest holder/secured party to the Certificated instrument SAXON DRU POLICH who has without understanding, inadvertently, a doubtlessly contributed the value of said instrument and all holdings associated within its capacity.
- 9. One observes: That the US and its STATEs most effectively and exclusively operate under silent contracts contrived by few, played upon the ignorance of many, and fueled by nescience of most; thus One must Declare and gives NOTICE OF REVOCATION, any and all prior or hereafter engagements or considerations effected under presumed, assumed, conjectures, expropriations, adhesions, or otherwise conceived notions of internal contemplation imposing unconscionable obligations without full disclosure and acknowledgment under equal liability and sacrifice in substantive consideration, are *ultra vire*, null and void without effect *ab initio*, notwithstanding; hereby vitiated with respect to assertions in Authority or Jurisdiction stemming from any such perceived "obligations" being imposed upon One so swindled.
- 10. One observes: The US Government and its STATEs are insolvent and have been going back as far as 1863 and arguably earlier, however for the sake of the present moment the more recent declared bankruptcy of 1933, though incremental in its overall development decades prior, stands relevant in the observance that the US proffered a "New Deal" to its constituents whereby discharge of debt "dollar for dollar" Public Law 73-10, Stat. 48. 48. p. 112 was permitted by right of *set-off* as a necessary provision of "public policy" due to the mechanics of reserve banking and (money) creation, for which in this way equitable remedy was proffered in light of the substance of value being removed from the *money* thereof under the abrogation and suspension of the Constitution of <u>The United States of America</u> by war powers and entering into receivership under this "New Deal" system (National Currency Act 1963/Federal Reserve Act 1913/Securities Exchange Act 1933) of accounting for debt rather than paying thus permitting the *set-off, discharge* or *redemption* of debts as accrual *securities*, whereby equity is found as remedy under the Common Law of the Land.

- 11. One observes: every Official is bound to the Law of the Land by the Law of Contract found to be, in Spirit, at Equity with the Laws of Nature and that of the Most High, long antecedent and superseding all others appearing to act as such; that the power of One to contract is unlimited, wherein and by One may be bound in strict observance only where expressed conscience lies found.
- 12. One does not recognize STATE OF MONTANA as a combatant or libel to this Claim but rather its agents whom, despite adequate and repeated NOTICE for administrative due process, under their code, consorted to seek and command private substance of One where equity under Law is not found in its Acts, nor is it found Common to the moral precepts and function of founding documents of this particular mass of Land Declared America and heralded as the Law of the Land, neither yet is it found in harmony of any Great Writs of Record, but wholly present at the notion of Piracy, fast at the taking of water by the procession of Acts here encompassed. This being said One also recognizes that the State, hereby burdened, shall have to either recognize One saxon dru as a combatant and join in the despotic feast or in fidelity steadfast to Truth make compensation for the acts of its disobedient praetors and uproot the noxious impostors from the spreading of seed.
- 13. One observes: a consorted effort by the acts of three Officers; 1. Adam Marc Stergionis for his acts against the substance of One where his wit lie absent matter of any substance in cause to induce effect thereof. 2. Cassidy Rose Blomgren for her withholding of evidence material to the case, refusal to comply with NOTICEs and DEMANDs, where there was a clear duty to act upon Due Process of Law while further progressing to act against One without Lawful cause. 3. Steven Brian Bolstad for his belligerent disregard in the Codes and Oath by which he is bound, the Law, and the false Right by which his judgement lies in the support of his ranks abuse of authority and slander of an Office, thus failing to serve a Right where subordinates clearly effected wrong. To All who wish Honor unto their respective Offices, in the Spirit of their Creation, One must recognize and admonish the acts of these individuals as a not only a clear violation of their respective oaths but a grave in justice to a their fellow man. If otherwise surely Times coincidence shall serve Justice by the Measure of Ones sight unto the rule Most High and ever prevailing.

# TREATY AND ORDER OF PEACE

I as One instance; am the One absolute source by which any value may be derived in the Title SAXON DRU POLICH, thus cometh my Soul right of claim to All Value retained within, upon, and in Union with All accounts held in this Title and/or derivatives thereof.

I alone hold the value of Sacrifice in my expressions, whereof and in; bears absolute burden upon the substance of my existence in blood, in breath, and in Light of the unwavering Pulse of the Source in the Current between All.

I reside within the American Man born of the Land, by the Land, and to the Land of which is defined within the manifested borders of the fore territory Montana and present state known as saxon dru.

I Create in the verdancy of Harmony to All existence; within Divine limitation, without will convalesced through division by a subordinately righteous cause, by immovable Principle edified through that which Is observed as Law.

I Solely bear the Burden of my existence within this realm, as well as the duty to Honor Ones begotten of my Obligation in the Effect of my Desires under Will.

I in my Desires; will bear Obligation where in Effect there is Cause existing in One another's Burden.

I born, bound, and forever beholden bear Allegiance to the Principles of Creation born in One and above All; therein and by One, will be Polarized in Charge by its Infinite Rule.

I Will not sacrifice the fruit of my substance upon the tables of insatiable palates where its Equitable presence is not acknowledged in its full Consideration.

I will not be subjugated under the desires of some, but only of direct accost be measured in unanimous valuation attested by no less than Twelve and the reflection of All in One.

In the expression of absolute; the fore Writ stands unto One and All; immovable in its Foundation, irrevocable as Evident, Eternal in its Presence, Honored in its Witness,

As the root is the source by which the stock sustains its force; One who seizes or severs the freedoms of another surrenders his own unto that force which momentarily empowers his alone.

# **FINDING OF FACTS**

- No corpus delicti expressing a bona fide and Lawful Claim sworn under the penalty of
  perjury against saxon dru exists in this case for the commission of an injurious act in the first
  instance against a private man or woman, person, or property thereof for which the CITY OF
  GREAT FALLS may have Re-presented in good faith under solemn duty and oath.
- 2. No *corpus delicti* expressing a *bona fide* and Lawful Claim against saxon dru exist in this case for the commission of injurious act in the first instance against public property.
- No evidence has been presented that saxon dru is property (land) owned and subject to CITY OF GREAT FALLS/CASCADE COUNTY/STATE OF MONTANA/UNITED STATES jurisdictional authority or that of its subordinate Officer Stergionis.
- 4. No evidence has been presented that saxon dru caused and effected harm or damage to any One or any thing as a direct result of his actions prior, nor thereafter, to Officer Stergionis approaching his presence.
- Officer Stergionis approached saxon dru and demanded that he leave with him and give him a name without explaining or divulging his rational, intentions, or nature and cause of his intrusion.
- 6. Officer Stergionis never observed saxon dru commit a crime, did not have any evidence that would provide at the least reasonable suspicion of a crime, was in no eminent danger nor were bystanders, did not inform saxon dru of his intent to arrest, and subsequently physically assaulted saxon dru to make an unlawful arrest.

- Three sworn Affidavits of first hand witnesses 'appear' on the Record in support of the above Account (1- 6) solidified with video evidence of the event.
- No sworn Affidavits under the penalty of perjury exist upon the Record in support of the City of Great Falls.
- 9. saxon dru has not been charged with any crime of first instance for which he could be found at fault, thus subjecting One self to the Jurisdiction of the City or its Agent Stergionis.
- Shane Moore <u>did not</u> testify that he suspected saxon dru of any vandalism; only that he had seen saxon dru in the building and had assisted him in reaching his destination of Elevation 3330.
- Jurisdiction is not gained by alone taking the description of One where no Witness has Observed a crime; Shane Moore did not observe the commission of a crime, Shane Moore did not observe saxon dru commit any crime. - not audible on re-corded hearing-
- 12. The City alleges new "charges" (without presentment) not brought in the lower court. A man may entertain a number of "names" in order to communicate *persona* to any number of relations where a "name," without proper context and without definition, elicits no particular response upon One in equal standing; here the city presents no evidence that its employee Stergionis specified or inquired to any particular name under expressed and validated (still and presently yet to be) delegation of Authority to Demand any *name*.
- 13. No evidence is presented that the Defendant refused to provide a "name."
- 14. No evidence is presented that officer Stergionis informed saxon dru that he was under arrest or obstructing an investigation, in fact; Three Witness Affidavits Testify specifically that the Officer did not express his intentions or the "nature and cause" of his un-warranted intrusion

and demands upon saxon dru. One cannot resist what never was, however it could be said that saxon dru resisted in submissively relinquishing his un a-lien-able rights and in return suffered assault, unreasonable seizure, and violation of physical property without just cause, due process, and void all moral aptitude in conscious discernment.

- 15. Video surveillance introduced as evidence does not show "aggressiveness" on the part of saxon dru. Surveillance shows Officer Stergionis attack saxon dru who at the time and still currently had/has no evidence of crime that would have at the time or currently grants jurisdiction over saxon dru. Officers testified saxon dru was extremely strong, unaffected by extreme force, and much larger than Stergionis; if he truly acted with "aggressiveness" and intent towards the Officer/s he most certainly would have inflicted considerable damage to, at the least, one or more of the Officers. No officers sustained damage, however saxon dru did sustain considerable physical damage as well as lost time as a result under the officers excessive force in conducting an unlawful arrest and detainment without cause.
- 16. No evidence is presented that Officer Stergionis was in danger, in fact the Officer placed himself and others in an unwarranted position of danger when he attacked a peaceable man unannounced, without just cause, or need of apprehension at the time of incidence nor yet to be found.
- 17. The City alleges the "DEFENDANT" SAXON DRU POLICH did not make an"appearance" at the omnibus hearing as rationale for denying him a trial before his peers.

#### APPEARANCE

"Appearance" is the act of appearing, coming, or being in sight, becoming visible or clear to apprehension of the mind, of being known as subject of observation or comprehension, or as a thing proved, of being obvious or manifest. Hallack & Howard Lumber Co. v. Bagly, 100 Colo. 402, 68 P.2d 442, 443.

An appearance may be either *general* or *special*; the former is a simple and unqualified or unrestricted submission to the jurisdiction of the court, the latter a submission to the jurisdiction for some specific purpose only, not for all the purposes of the suit. Louisville & N. R. Co. v. Industrial Board of Illinois, 282 Ill. 136, 118 N.E. 483, 485. A special appearance is for the purpose of testing the sufficiency of service or the jurisdiction of the court; a general appearance is made where the defendant waives defects of service and submits to the jurisdiction. State v. Huller, 23 N.M. 306, 168 P. 528, 534, 1 A.L.R. 170.

An answer constitutes an "appearance." Wieser v. Richter, 247 Mich. 52, 225 N.W. 542, 543. A party who answers, consents to a continuance, goes to trial, takes an appeal, or does any other substantial act in a cause, although he has not been served with summons, is deemed to have entered his "appearance" unless he objects and preserves his protests to the jurisdiction of his person. Robinson v. Bossinger, 195 Ark. 445, 112 S.W.2d 637, 640. Acts of an attorney in prosecuting an action on behalf of his client constitute an "appearance." Pacilio v. Scarpati, 300 N.Y.S. 473, 165 Misc. 586.

"The English courts did not, until modern times, claim jurisdiction over the person of the defendant merely by service of summons upon him. It was deemed necessary to resort to further process by attachment of his property and arrest of his person to compel 'appearance,' which is not mere presence in court, but some act by which a person who is sued submits himself to the authority and jurisdiction of the court. Any steps in the action, such as giving bail upon arrest, operated as an appearance or submission." Benjamin J. Shipman, *Handbook of Common-Law Pleading* § 5, at 24 (Henry Winthrop Ballentine ed., 3d ed. 1923).

"The term 'appearance' is used particularly to signify or designate the overt act by which one against whom suit has been commenced submits himself to the courts jurisdiction, although in a broader sense it embraces the act of either plaintiff or defendant in coming into court. . . . An appearance may be expressly made by formal written or oral declaration, or record entry, or it may be implied from some act done with the intention of appearing and submitting to the courts jurisdiction." 4 Am. Jur. 2d *Appearance* § 1 at 620 (1995).

Where defendant files a formal appearance and simultaneously an exception to the jurisdiction, the two papers should be considered together and cannot be regarded as consent to the jurisdiction where consent is necessary; Wood v. Lumber Co., 226 U.S. 384,. 33 Sup. Ct. 125, 57 L. Ed.

SAXON DRU POLICH 'appearance' is documented and evidenced by the Record. At the time of the Omnibus hearing SAXON DRU POLICH is the <u>only</u> Party that, in fact, 'appeared' on the Record. City prosecutor Anthon, subsequent Blomgren, now Cik, and Judge Bolstad defaulted in Obligation to the Demands of the Record and failed to rebut the actual 'appearance' of DEFENDANT on the Record by its injured Agent, man and Petitioner saxon dru, firmly supported by Three *un-contested* Witness Affidavits. Further and subsequent Motions and Demands were also met with silence. Silence is tacit acceptance and admission. On special appearance Petitioner expressed the Demands of the Record where not answered for lending default by silence on part of the City, and that the City had presented no claims upon which relief could be had, further saxon dru did not consent to a trial without a jury and on the Record both formally and directly stated he had not waived his right to trial by jury; Judge Bolstad responded, "I don't need your right." The process of Law, subservient to its principal, is clearly adulterated whereas ones un-lien-able rights are clearly expressed both formally and directly; herein both instance deprived. This case presents a Record that reveals far more than an oversight, rather showing direct overreach in belligerent ignorance

of law, code, and conscience; effectually, abuse of Executive Authority, and conscious choice in depravation of one's natural and equal rights.

#### **OMNIBUS**

IN OMNIBUS. In all things; on all points. "A case parallel in omnibus." 10 Mod. 104.

IN OMNIBUS QUIDEM, MAXIME TAMEN IN JURE, ZEQUITAS SPECTANDA SIT. In all things, but especially in law, equity is to be regarded. Dig. 50, 17, 90; Story, Bailm. § 257.

OMNIBUS BILL. In legislative practice, a bill including in one act various separate and distinct matters, and particularly one joining a number of different subjects in one measure in such a way as to compel the executive authority to accept provisions which he does not approve or else defeat the whole enactment. Corn. v. Barnett, 199 Pa. 161, 48 A. 977, 55 L.R.A. 882; Yeager v. Weaver, 64 Pa. 425.

In equity pleading, a bill embracing the whole of a complex subject-matter by uniting all parties in interest having adverse or conflicting claims, thereby avoiding circuity or multiplicity of action.

Black's Law 4th Ed. 1891 P. 897, 898, 1239

From the above authorities the Record concedes that SAXON DRU POLICH had made a definitive and expressed 'appearance' in omnibus on several facets of this matter, in doing so, while not expressly named such, the Petitioner clearly presented a Bill in Commerce, as all crimes are commercial, calling forth the "Particulars" of the account, thereby silence revealed that the CITY OF GREAT FALLS had in fact defaulted in obligation to make an 'appearance' in omnibus (6/24/19) on the Record and stand 'on all fours'; for it had failed to accept PLEA (4/29/19), answer to NOTICE and DISCOVERY (6/4/19), further it had not refuted ADMISSIONS (6/4/19) of the Record, furthermore CITY OF GREAT FALLS had presented no case for the Record that established any legal claim whatsoever, let alone a bona-fide and lawful claim. Subsequent filings were also neglected due response and left silently admitted. What is evident is a direct default in Official Obligation under Oath breaching gross negligence in plain and expressed sight of Petitioners repeated attempts to rectify and settle the matter on the Record; nolo contendere from the very first 'appearance' on the Record. The progression since has been an ongoing tax upon the substance of saxon dru in redundant re-presentations of a lawful Counterclaim and case for redress submitting to a demanded jury trial, while 'calling in' on Obligations of Duty pertaining to and incumbent upon Sworn

Officials to Act in accord with their respective code, all for which are left desired; not refuted, not answered, thus acquiesced.

- 18. The recording of alleged "trial" is missing the first half of the hearing. An incomplete record of the "trial" constitutes a void effect of said "trial." What, in fact, was admitted in that portion is that Stergionis had not and has not found saxon dru to have committed any act in the first instance that suffered any One or thing, thereby granting personal jurisdiction. saxon dru has not been founded nor identified as a subject or sub-servant of the STATE, whereas no Officer is entitled to assume jurisdiction and authority over One not subjectively identified without stating, evidencing, and founding initial cause or breach.
- 19. The City of Great Falls is a "Charter" City incorporated into the United States 28USC §3002 (15)A, and to which all actors here participating have sworn oaths and who's jurisdiction only extends to subordinate officials 5USC§302. Saxon dru is not a subordinate official thereof, nor has saxon dru been found to have committed a crime affecting any One or property thereof that would relinquish his immunity under 28USC§1605-1607.
- 20. At the defendants first 'appearance' on the Record, after being subjected to violent contempt by unwarranted force and unlawful imprisonment without cause, petitioner made an honorable and forgiving offer in PLEA OF "NO CONTEST" UNDER CONDITIONS accepting the charges of 0.00.
- 21. The Record provides un-rebutted prima facie Evidence that saxon dru was denied the right to know the nature and cause against him.
- 22. The Record provides un-rebutted prima facie Evidence that saxon dru was denied the right to be secure in his person.

- 23. The Record provides un-rebutted prima facie Evidence saxon dru was unlawfully subjected to physical force equating to assault.
- 24. The Record provides un-rebutted prima facie Evidence saxon dru was denied due process under the law.
- 25. The Record provides un-rebutted prima facie Evidence saxon dru was denied the right to contract in his the name of his person and effect equity under the law.
- 26. The Record provides un-rebutted prima facie Evidence saxon dru was unjustly denied trial by jury.
- 27. The Record provides un-rebutted prima facie Evidence saxon dru was unlawfully imprisoned not once but twice under colorable circumstance.
- 28. Three Witness Affidavits remain un-rebutted on the Record standing affirmative in Cause of the Petitioner.
- 29. No witnesses provide weight to Officer Stergionis' portrayal of his 'service.'
- 30. The Record clearly reveals that there was a counterclaim on the Record by the Petitioner in an amount that exceeded Brian B. Bolstads Authority which was ignored in concert with Demands made on the Official/s under Judicial Notice with supplied Code giving full awareness in Official Duty which was greeted with contempt.

# **CONCLUSION OF LAW**

a. No charges of disturbing the peace or felonies were presented. No injured man or woman,
 *corpus delicti*, has stated under the penalty of perjury a Lawful Claim against the man saxon dru.

- b. No contract has been presented to the Record evidencing an expressed and disclosed obligation on part of saxon dru or SAXON DRU POLICH sealed under equal consideration owing to the City of Great Falls/Cascade County/State of Montana/United States.
- c. City of Great Falls is an incorporated self governing charter city permitted operation under the Montana Constitution fixed in the Law of the Land.
- d. saxon dru is a self governing man or state under the Authority Most High, ruled by Principal [*in* law] primordially embedded in conscience long founded and edified by Maxim in the Spirit and Great Works of All Law by following reason of observable Equity determines One saxon dru has caused no injury or loss to any One, person, or property thereof, has violated no One or persons rights, and has not defaulted on any sworn or sealed obligation owing consideration to any identified man, woman, child, beast, entity, city, state, person, vessel, or artifice of mental contrivance [*at* law] otherwise.
- e. Under the Montana Constitution the sovereignty of the state resides within the people, the power and authority of City of Great Falls resides with the people thereof and not falsely exclusive of self interested corporate employee Officials/beneficiaries obligated to uphold their respective oaths. (supposing subjective admission to the jurisdiction) saxon dru's right to abolish this form or government at any time is inviolate.
- f. The right of contract is inviolate.
- g. City of Great Falls, Cascade County DBA, represented by Sworn Officials, is a chartered, self governing (private), corporate commercial business, operating in commerce effectively connected with the trade or business of the United States by issuing, brokering, and/or selling and investing in bonds on the commercial market place, while effecting Federal Income subject to reporting, and incorporated under the laws of the United States; has re-

presented no corpus delicti in plea for relief, presented no declarations in violation of right or trespass, and no contract conferring any consideration between the Petitioner and the City of Great Falls; to which One may, in certain circumstance, be lawfully held at a liability occasioning the suffering of a complete loss in liberty to embrace freedoms enumerated in the founding documents of 'force' bearing the creation of this state and it's respective courts and others formed under The United States of America de jure; hence this matter presents not only violation of state Constitution but a Federal question under Constitutional provisions, U.S.C., C.F.R., Public Law, Statutes at Large, and U.C.C. as these Authorities Govern the Federally Regulated Funds the City of Great Falls is in Receivership of due to the issuance of bonds, their derivatives, and the securities interest due in respect of the declared bankruptcy of the United States and its respective State of Montana who emits bills of credit in lieu of payment ultimately resolving the Remedy of Discharge in Effect of Equity following the Law under this Debt based Cause. Thus, considering the colorable nature of this matter the further application of commercial code must be employed, whereas such commercial instruments, such as bonds in this case being issued and funded by Petitioner effect derivative interests and simultaneously delegate fiduciary duties therein and subject the City of Great Falls to requirements under Title 5, 15, 26 of the US Code for which is Cause, in finding of default.

- Eighth. Upon deposit with the Treasurer of the United States of any bonds of the United
- States in the manner provided by existing law relating to national banks, to receive from
- the Comptroller of the Currency circulating notes in blank, registered and countersigned
- as provided by law, equal in amount to the par value of the bonds so deposited, such

notes to be issued under the same conditions and provisions of law as relate to the issue of circulating notes of national banks secured by bonds of the United States bearing the circulating privilege, except that the issue of such notes shall not be limited to the capital stock of such Federal reserve bank.

# 63 Congress; Federal Reserve Act Sess. II, Ch. 6 (1913) p. 255

Bonds being issued in this case are obligations of the U.S. who's value is 100 cents on the dollar amount of issue. This is the value for which may be *setoff* as remedy and equitably discharged pursuant **Public Law 73-10** as a right in remedy **31USC§3807**. The denial and refusal of such remedy on the Record finds fraud in fact on part of the lower courts in concealing the financial particulars effective of their commercial endeavors in attempt to

extort further value and wealth from the Petitioner without due subjective or personal consideration. Through the operation of the debt based financial system the Petitioner has effectively backed, funded, or capitalized the bonds/obligations the City has issued on behalf of Defendant; or in layman's terms created 'money' that before never existed of which the City is in possession. In a crude but applicable metaphor the City's Cause would be akin to the Officials forcing a man [saxon dru] to inseminate a female slave [the great whore *i.e.* Federal Reserve debt system, the States sinfully (**Art.I§10**) adopted daughter] and claim the product as its own prize, of course this is a very colorful re-presentation of the Official Acts, however the City Officials Acts are performed with paralleling force and results under colorable and commercial banking law; we might do well to see it for what it is in Effect.

In honorable fashion the Defendant, upon first 'appearance,' conditionally accepted the h. City's "charges" (in fact being 0.00 evidenced by the "COMPLAINT"). In direct belligerence of lawful process, after stating the "charges" the Judge bars Defendant from filling/entering his Plea into the Record further also directing the Clerk of Court to deny Defendant the ability to file his Plea. From the first instance of this matter the Executive Officer (Sturgionis), after commission of his crime, transferred his default to his Legislative Officer (Anthon, subsequent Blomgren, now Cik) and Judicial Officer (Bolstad) (all Executive Officers under the reorganization and suspension of constitution under the ever continued state of emergency); who then confirm Default in the second instance with willful depravation of process and equal standing; the third instance then confirmed the City's Default by silence on the Record, and later the direct declaration of depravation and admission in default by the voice of a purported Judge: 1. By admitting to have read the Record thus fully aware: that there existed a claim which exceeded his jurisdiction; requests upon his obligation were not met (oath/answer to motions) Rule 201(d)/202 2. That the prosecutor had failed to establish jurisdiction where it was challenged on the Record and verbally by the Petitioner yet willfully proceeding instead. 3. Denying Petitioners Demand for jury trial when the Record clearly revealed the city had not established a bona-fide lawful claim and had failed to answer or refute the Record. This Departments standard can be found

in no known constitution, treatise, or authority on American Jurisprudence other than in reference to treason, trespass, fraud, conspiracy, or violation of right.

- i. Notice and consideration was given and pleaded for in *setoff, discharge, dismissal,* and/or *settlement*; rather than accepting the lawful remedy in consideration of full faith and credit by acknowledging the Official Obligation to act with fidelity and faithfully discharge all public duties the City of Great Falls' Official agents, acting under color, have opted, odiously, repeatedly, and, consequently, maliciously to levy upon the substance of one through willfully forced imposition of slavery by employing the use of physical violence, deceit, intimidation, and unlawful arrest without any infliction, cause, or loss whatsoever, and serving no accountability whatsoever in a position of Official Public Service.
- j. Officials or employees of the State are employed by or work for the people, to whom the subordinates are bound to express their intentions and state their delegation of authority by revealing the nature and cause of their respective acts when so requested or demanded. From the Record it is clear that Official duties bound by Oath were Defaulted upon in outright contempt for Rules, Code, and Regulation under full Notice.
- k. Under the Montana Constitution the right to trial before a jury in all criminal matters is inviolate. Likewise the Constitution of the United States provides the same. Here the Petitioner has made expressed demand for such only to be denied.
- The 'appearance' of the Defendant on the Record is voluminous and more than adequately weighed in cause of Petitioner whereas the prosecution is vacant to the burden of 'appearance' in legal, administrative, and lawful response to the Record under clear and direct NOTICE therein and blindly voracious upon the body of one saxon dru while void in substance of a lawful claim.

- m. Officer Stergionis defaulted on his oath and in the process supported and imposed, under free will, violent crime and false imprisonment upon the body of one saxon dru. Each sworn Official 'appearing' on the Record in support of this egregious assault, whereas ignorance of the law is not excused, is likewise in breach and guilty of conspiracy considering the plethora of reference and evidence 'appearing' on the Record while under full NOTICE and clearly visible that no evidence or witnesses exist in this case which would cause saxon dru to be subject to the command and authority of Officer Stergionis, nor subjugated by any contract to the corporate employer City of Great Falls at any instance of this matter and certainly not in the first. However under lawful consideration the City, in its commercial capacity, accepted binding consideration from the Petitioner and has failed to account for such. The City has caused loss of irretrievable time, funds, rights, and verily life from the Petitioner without just cause whatsoever in the name of justice, yet in effect the City and its involved Officials have profited while in denial of the security interests and rights in undisclosed and internal mechanics of its commercial enterprise funded at the expense of the Petitioner.
- n. No one is bound to effect another in cause whereby no consideration is found binding; wherein and by the other, one is not thereby bound to effect in one cause whatsoever.

# MCA §46-6-311

The law governing this case is elementary. Except for a breach of the peace committed in his presence, or when he has a reasonable ground to believe that the person arrested is a felon or is about to commit a felony, a police officer has no authority to arrest without a

warrant.

Justice Carpenter; Cook v. Hastings, 150 Mich. 289, 114 N.W. 71, 72 (1907)

At common law, as a general rule, an arrest could not be made without warrant for an offense less than felony, except for a breach of the peace.

3 Cye. 880; State v. Sims. 16 S.C. 486.

# **ORDER FOR CAUSE**

- 1. Provide a bona-fide claim under the penalty of perjury against saxon dru.
- 2. Declare an injured party and/or property and the value of damage.
- 3. Provide evidence that saxon dru is a subject of the STATE OF MONTANA.
- Provide evidence that the STATE is not acting under commercial color of law statutes 27CFR§72.11.
- 5. Provide evidence that the bonds issued by SAXON DRU POLICH do not retain full commercial face value in marketable securities.
- 6. Provide evidence that SAXON DRU POLICH is not entitled to the full faith and credit of the United States of America.
- 7. Provide evidence that SAXON DRU POLICH is not a creation of the STATE.
- 8. Provide evidence that saxon dru does not have the right to equitably discharge commercial debt obligations the STATE brings against the person SAXON DRU POLICH.
- 9. Provide evidence that saxon dru is not the agent and principal security interest holder of the person SAXON DRU POLICH.
- 10. Provide evidence that saxon dru does not have the right to know the nature and cause of accusations against one's self.
- 11. Provide evidence that saxon dru does not have the right to be secure in his person.
- 12. Provide evidence that saxon dru has chosen to serve the STATE and its respective codes.

#### NOTICE

saxon dru a living man will not submit to a corporate construct/creation where no evidence in the form of a fully disclosed and consenting contract bearing a wet ink signature evidences the understanding and undertaking in a conscious and willful state of mind. Any acts upon the substance of saxon dru will be construed to be acts of tyranny and war.

# Teste Meipso

One is wholly Aware of the Contest that is being pursued and played in this Tribunals Court/s. Though understanding not, has laid before the Record irrefutable Authority commanding

Page 16 of 18

Official Duty and/or response therein, and whereas the *Cause* has not overcome the Effect but only striven for further inequity bearing false witness and demand for more than it has Offered, *its* performance cannot be measured but by burden the Effect has laid upon *its* own scales which rightly Demand the Equitable and Lawful offset in Balance of *its* Cause. One wishes All Honor upon those partaken, but in such recognizes the danger to such a democracy which readily prevails over the conscience of many, may it be though thy virtue narrow that ye may Live on freely as One, lest ye be forever bound.

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He who binds another in time, binds himself in eternity.

# Truely

I, Affiant, saxon dru, in the Spirit of the Most High alone, do declare, under the pains and penalties of perjury and under the laws of the state of Montana [without] that the foregoing original document and/or Instrument/s is True and Correct to the extent of my knowledge in witness of this preceding account, is not meant to mislead, confuse, or falsify, and that the Original Mail Article was served on this above Court and that any and all document/s/ Instrument/s otherwise served upon this court are True and Correct Originals and/or copies of the Originals. 28 USC §1746

# Article Number :7018 0680 0001 1349 0413

Postage paid. Mailer ID # 902366097

I further certify I sent a true and correct copy of the foregoing

Office of the Attorney General Justice Building, Third Floor 215 North Sanders P.O. Box 201401 Helena, Montana [59620-1401]

Amos 5:14

Principal SAXON DRU POLICH

Post Office Box 13 Ulm, Montana In Propria Persona UCC §1-308 MCA§30-1-207



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