02/07/2020

DA 20-0065



FEB 0 4 2020

ANGIE SPARKS, Clerk of District Court **∆∕**Sie∯uty Clerk

FEB 0 4 2020

Bowen Greenwood Clerk of Supreme Court State of Montana

## MONTANA FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT LEWIS AND CLARK COUNTY

ANIMALS OF MONTANA, INC., TROY HYDE, permit holder,

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Petitioner,

STATE OF MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF FISH, WILDLIFE, AND PARKS,

Respondent.

Cause No. BDV-2015-999

ORDER ON MOTION FOR STAY OF EXECUTION PENDING APPEAL TO THE SUPREME **COURT** 

## **BACKGROUND**

On January 17, 2020, this Court issued its Order (Order) on

Animals of Montana, Inc. (AMI) and Troy Hyde's (Hyde) Judicial Review

Petition. This Court, among other things, Ordered that:

The Court's January 25, 2016 stay is DISSOLVED.

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- 2. "AMI's permit is **REVOKED** and cannot be renewed. It is further **ORDERED** that AMI and FWP will coordinate to determine the disposition of the animals at the facility." FWP Final Order.
- 3. FWP is **ORDERED** to immediately "redeem possession of all wildlife obtained by capture or unlawful propagation." Mont. Code Ann. § 87-4-806 (2015).

On January 29, 2020, AMI and Hyde filed an appeal relative to the Order with the Montana Supreme Court. On February 3, 2020, they moved this Court to stay execution<sup>1</sup> of the Order pending their appeal to the Montana Supreme Court.

## **DISCUSSION**

Mont. R. App. 22(1), states, in relevant part, that:

- (1) Motion for stay in the district court.
- (a) A party shall file a motion in the district court for any of the following relief:
- (i) To stay a judgment or order of the district court pending appeal;
  - (ii) For approval of a supersedes bond; or
- (iii) For an order suspending, modifying, restoring, or granting an injunction pending appeal.
- (b) If the appellant desires a stay of execution, the appellant must, unless the requirement is waived by the opposing party, obtain the district court's approval of a supersedeas bond which shall have 2 sureties or a corporate surety as may be authorized by law. The bond shall be conditioned for the satisfaction of the judgment or order in full together with costs, interest, and damages for delay, if for any reason the appeal is dismissed or if the judgment or order is affirmed, and to satisfy in full such modification of the judgment or order and such costs, interest, and damages as the supreme court may adjudge and award. When the judgment or order is for the recovery

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The Court presumes AMI and Hyde's motion was made pursuant to Rule 22(1), M.R.App.R. In their proposed order, they cite Mont. Ann. Code § 46-20-204 as the basis for awarding the requested stay. That statute relates to criminal appeals.

of money not otherwise secured, the amount of the bond shall be fixed at such sum as will cover the whole amount of the judgment or order remaining unsatisfied, costs on appeal, interest, and damages for delay, unless the district court after notice and hearing and for good cause shown fixes a different amount or orders security other than the bond. When the judgment or order determines the disposition of property in controversy as in real actions, replevin, and actions to foreclose mortgages, or when such property is in the custody of the sheriff or when the proceeds of such property or a bond for its value is in the custody or control of the district court, the amount of the supersedeas bond shall be fixed at such sum only as will secure the amount recovered for the use and detention of the property, the costs of the action, costs on appeal, interest, and damages for delay.

- (c) The district court retains the power to entertain and rule upon a motion filed pursuant to this rule despite the filing of a notice of appeal or the pendency of an appeal.
- (d) The district court must promptly enter a written order on a motion filed under this rule and include in findings of fact and conclusions of law, or in a supporting rationale, the relevant facts and legal authority on which the district court's order is based. A copy of any order made after the filing of a notice of appeal must be promptly filed with the clerk of the supreme court.

While the Montana Supreme Court adopted Mont. R. App. 22 in 2007, there is limited case law explaining the rule. It is similar to Fed. R. App. R. 8(a), and the United States Supreme Court has established the following test for determination of whether a stay should be granted:

- (1) whether the stay applicant has made a strong showing that he is likely to succeed on the merits;
- (2) whether the applicant will be irreparably injured absent a stay:
- (3) whether issuance of the stay will substantially injure the other parties interested in the proceeding; and
  - (4) where the public interest lies.

See, State ex rel. McGrath v. Philip Morris, 2007 Mont. Dist. LEXIS 600, at 3, (Dec. 11, 2007), (citing Hilton v. Braunskill, 481 U.S. 770, 776 (1987)).

Here, it is unknown whether Montana (FWP) has waived the supersedeas bond requirement. Mont. R. App. 22(1)(b). Moreover, neither AMI nor Hyde provided the Court with any evidentiary support relative to the *Hilton* stay test factors. Consequently, the Court does not have sufficient information to comply with Rule 22(1)(d)'s supporting rationale requirements<sup>2</sup>. For these reasons,

IT IS ORDERED that AMI and Hyde's motion to stay execution of this Court's January 17, 2020 Order pending their appeal is **DENIED**, with leave to file a second motion that complies with Mont. R. App. 22(1) with supporting evidence that they believe satisfy the *Hilton* stay test.

DATED this  $\frac{\sqrt{r'}}{2}$  day of February 2020.

MICHAEL F. McMAHON District Court Judge

cc: Aimee Hawhaluk, PO Box 200701, Helena, MT 59620-0701 Herman Austin Watson, IV, 424 East Main Street, Suite 203A, Bozeman, MT 59715-4735

Bowen Greenwood, Clerk of the Montana Supreme Court, PO Box 203003, Helena, MT 59620-3003

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Based upon the underlying record, the Court presumes that AMI and Hyde can establish the second irreparable injury factor.