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Case Number: AC 17-0694

Edward J. Longosz, II, pro hac vice Mark A. Johnston, pro hac vice Kennedy C. Ramos, pro hac vice ECKERT SEAMANS CHERIN & MELLOTT, LLC

1717 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW 12th Floor Washington, D.C. 20006 (202) 659-6600 Telephone (202) 659-6699 Facsimile elongosz@eckertseamans.com mjohnston@eckertseamans.com kramos@eckertseamans.com

Joe Seifert **KELLER LAW FIRM, P.C.** 50 South Last Chance Gulch P.O. Box 598 Helena, Montana 59624 (406) 442-0230 Telephone (406) 449-2256 Facsimile cjseifert@kellerlawmt.com

Attorneys for Maryland Casualty Company, n/k/a Zurich American Insurance Company, successor by merger to Maryland Casualty Company

IN THE MONTANA ASBESTOS CLAIMS COURT

IN RE ASBESTOS LITIGATION,)	Cause No. AC-17-0694
)	
Consolidated Cases.)	Applicable to
)	Hutt v. Maryland Casualty Co. et al.,
)	Eighth Judicial District Court,
)	Cause No. DDV-18-0175
)	
)	MOTION TO STAY PROCEEDINGS AND
)	BRIEF IN SUPPORT

Defendant Maryland Casualty Company ("MCC"), n/k/a Zurich American Insurance Company, successor by merger to MCC as of December 31, 2015,¹ by and through its undersigned counsel, hereby submits this Brief in Support of its Motion to Stay.

INTRODUCTION

Following the completion of the Grace bankruptcy and plan confirmation, the Libby Plaintiffs were permitted to file claims against MCC on a limited and restricted basis. The nature and scope of the claims permitted to proceed against MCC remains the subject of ongoing litigation in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court. Based on recent filings and orders in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court, including the recent Third Circuit remand, and briefing in this Court, this matter should be stayed until the U.S. Bankruptcy Court has fully determined what, if any, claims are not channeled to the Asbestos PI Trust.²

PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

As the Court is aware, Grace and 63 related entities (collectively, "Debtors") commenced Chapter 11 bankruptcy proceedings on April 2, 2001, in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware. The Debtors' bankruptcy cases were jointly administered at Case No. 01-01139.

On January 31, 2011, the U.S. Bankruptcy Court entered the Plan Confirmation Order and issued a memorandum opinion regarding objections to confirmation of the Plan. *In re W.R. Grace* & *Co.*, 446 B.R. 96 (Bankr. D. Del. 2011). The U.S. District Court affirmed the Plan on January 30, 2012 and issued an amended opinion on June 11, 2012. *See In re W.R. Grace* & *Co.*, 468 B.R.

¹ For clarity and conformity with this case's extensive history, Defendant is referred to as "MCC."

 $^{^2}$ At the October 2018 Asbestos Claims Court hearing, this Court inquired as to whether the bankruptcy court proceedings were anticipated to affect the trial date in the instant case. It is now apparent that the bankruptcy court proceedings implicate the proceedings against MCC in this case.

81, *amended and superseded by* 475 B.R. 34 (D. Del. 2012). The Third Circuit affirmed the District Court's rulings regarding the confirmation of the Plan.³

Under the Plan, Grace established an Asbestos PI Trust funded by settlements with MCC, other insurers, and Grace's own contributions. Plan §§ 1.1 ¶ 43, 7.2; *Notice of Submission of Blacklines of Exhibits 5 and 6 to Joint Plan of Reorganization* [D.I. No. 26369-1]. The Plan further included an Asbestos PI Channeling Injunction that enjoins an entity from taking any action against an Asbestos Protected Party with respect to any Asbestos PI Claim to the extent authorized by 11 U.S.C. § 524(g).⁴ Plan §§ 1.1 ¶ 33; 8.2. Simply put, "The Plan's channeling injunction limits all holders of Asbestos PI Claims to recovery from the Asbestos PI Trust after the Plan's Effective Date, and enjoins those claim holders from pursuing recovery from the Debtors and any other Asbestos PI claims to PI at *6. Under the terms of the Plan, the Asbestos PI Trust is an Asbestos PI claim holder's sole source of recovery. Plan § 8.2.1.

The Plan defines an "Asbestos PI Claim" as a bodily injury claim against a Debtor or Asbestos Protected Party arising out of exposure to asbestos dust generated by the Grace Mine. *See id.* at § $1.1 \$ 34. Under the Plan, "Asbestos Protected Parties," includes those insurers with whom Grace settled and contributed to the asbestos trust, referred to as "Settled Asbestos Insurance

³ In re W.R. Grace & Co., 729 F.3d 311 (3d Cir. 2013); W.R. Grace & Co. v. Garlock Sealing Techs., LLC, 532 Fed. App'x 264 (3d Cir. 2013); W.R. Grace & Co. v. Chakarian, 591 F.3d 164 (3d Cir. 2009).

⁴ 11 U.S.C. § 524(g) provides in part that "a court that enters an order confirming a plan of reorganization under chapter 11 may issue ... an injunction ... to supplement the injunctive effect of a discharge under this section." If certain requirements are met, "the injunction is to be implemented in connection with a trust that, pursuant to the plan of reorganization ... is to assume the liabilities of a debtor which at the time of entry of the order for relief has been named as a defendant in personal injury, wrongful death, or property-damage actions seeking recovery for damages allegedly caused by the presence of, or exposure to, asbestos or asbestos-containing products" 11 U.S.C. § 524(g)(2)(B).

Companies." *In re W.R. Grace & Co.*, 475 B.R. at 96; Plan § 1.1 ¶¶ 51, 209. MCC is expressly designated as a Settled Asbestos Insurance Company (and hence, is an Asbestos Protected Party), "meaning that [it] was entitled to injunctive relief under § 524(g)." *In re W.R. Grace & Co.*, 475 B.R. at 101. The Plan went into effect on February 3, 2014. *See Hutt v. Maryland Cas. Co. (In re W.R. Grace & Co.)*, 2016 Bankr. LEXIS 3754, *5 (Bankr. D. Del. 2016) ("Hutt Order").

On October 21, 2014, Hutt and Carl Osborn ("Osborn"), former Grace employees, filed the Hutt Adversary Complaint seeking a declaratory judgment that certain proposed state court claims against MCC were not barred by the Asbestos PI Channeling Injunction. Hutt and Osborn alleged that their asbestos disease resulted from their work at the Libby Plant, and set forth claims premised on MCC's position as a workers' compensation and occupational disease insurer for Grace employees. *Id.* at *4-5.

Hutt and Osborn moved for summary judgment on all Counts of the Hutt Adversary Complaint, which MCC opposed. The U.S. Bankruptcy Court's Opinion and Order ("Hutt Order") denied in part and granted in part the Motion for Summary Judgment. *Id.* at *46. The Hutt Order denied judgment on Counts I, III, V, and VI of the Hutt Adversary Complaint, and granted judgment on Counts II and IV. *Id.*

In rejecting Hutt's and Osborn's arguments concerning the Negligence and Bad Faith Claims asserted in Counts I and VI, the Bankruptcy Court found that the Asbestos PI Channeling Injunction enjoined those claims:

Accordingly, I reject the Plaintiffs' argument (asserted in Count I and Count VI of the Adversary Complaint) that Bankruptcy Code § 524(g)(4)(A)(ii) limits the reach of the Asbestos PI Channeling Injunction and prevents the injunction from enjoining the Plaintiffs' Claims. The Plaintiffs' Claims seek to hold MCC indirectly liable for the conduct of, claims against or demands on the Debtors. Also, MCC's provision of insurance to the Debtors is legally relevant to (or, at the very least, a close nexus to) the Plaintiffs' Claims. Because MCC's liability could affect the *res* of the Debtors' estate, determining that § 524(g)(4)(A)(ii) protects an insurer

from claims, such as the Negligence Claim and the Bad Faith Claim, is not beyond the jurisdiction of this Court.

Id. at *38-39. The Bankruptcy Court's reasoning was premised on two conclusions regarding

Hutt's and Osborn's state court claims: (1) the claims sought to hold MCC indirectly liable for the

debtors' conduct; and (2) the claims' theories of liability relied on MCC's provision of insurance

to Grace. Id. at *22-23, 25, 39.

Next, the Bankruptcy Court denied Hutt's and Osborn's Motion with respect to Counts III

and V of the Hutt Adversary Complaint:

The Plaintiffs are not asserting workers' compensation claims for statutory benefits. The channeling injunction's exception for workers' compensation claims is not applicable to the Plaintiffs' Claims. I reject the Plaintiffs' argument (asserted in Count III and Count V of the Adversary Complaint) that the workers' compensation claim exception to the channeling injunction allows the Plaintiffs' Claims to be filed in state court.

Id. at *40-41.

In granting Hutt's and Osborn's Motion for Summary Judgment on Counts II and IV of the

Hutt Adversary Complaint, the Bankruptcy Court responded to their arguments regarding MCC's

relationship to them in their roles as former Grace employees, in that it permitted the filing of a

very narrow set of claims against MCC by *former employees* at the Grace Mine:

Therefore, the channeling injunction does not protect a Settled Asbestos Insurance Company from claims arising out of insurance policies that are not listed on Exhibit 5 to the Plan. The Plaintiffs contend that, *as employees, the Negligence Claim and the Bad Faith Claim must arise under MCC's worker's compensation policies*. *To the extent that the Plaintiffs can demonstrate that the Plaintiffs' Claims arise out of or are based upon MCC's workers' compensation policies*, the claims are not barred by the Asbestos PI Channeling Injunction and may be filed in state court. I will grant the relief requested in Count II and Count IV of the Adversary Complaint.

Id. at *44 (emphasis added).

In sum, the Bankruptcy Court concluded that Hutt's and Osborn's claims were appropriately channeled into the Asbestos PI Trust except to the limited extent that Hutt and Osborn, *as former Grace Mine employees*, could demonstrate that the claims arose out of MCC's worker's compensation policies. Based on the foregoing, Libby Plaintiffs, including Hutt, are prevented from pursuing any other type of claim not allowed by workers' compensation, and any community exposure claims against MCC. *See, e.g.*, Ex. 60 to MCC's Brief in Support of Summary Judgment, June 27, 2018 Order in *Hunt v. Maryland Casualty Company*, Adv. No. 18-50402 (ECF No. 8)(staying case against MCC involving claims of community exposure). Neither party appealed from the Hutt Order; thus, it is a final order.

Meanwhile, in *Continental Casualty Company, et al. v. Jeremy B. Carr, et al.*, Adv. Proc. No. 15-50766, Continental Casualty Company ("CNA") filed a parallel adversary complaint seeking to enforce the Asbestos PI Channeling Injunction to prevent the defendants in that adversary proceeding from pursuing certain asbestos-related personal injury claims. On October 17, 2016, the Bankruptcy Court entered a separate order granting CNA's motion for summary judgment and denying the defendants' motion to dismiss. *Cont'l Cas. Co. v. Carr (In re W.R. Grace & Co.)*, 2016 Bankr. LEXIS 3753 (Bankr. D. Del. Oct. 17, 2016). The defendants appealed that order to the Third Circuit ("CNA Appeal").

In the Grace bankruptcy case, MCC filed a Motion to Enforce the Permanent Channeling Injunction and for Sanctions [D.I. 32999] ("Roberts Motion") requesting that the Court, *inter alia*, enforce the Asbestos PI Channeling Injunction to enjoin Rose Roberts ("Roberts"), Personal Representative of the Estate of James W. Roberts, deceased, from pursuing an action in Montana State Court. Roberts responded in opposition to the Roberts Motion and cross-moved (jointly with the Roberts Motion, the "Cross-Motions") for the Court to stay and/or dismiss the Roberts Motion without prejudice. The Bankruptcy Court heard argument on the Cross-Motions on April 30, 2018. However, on June 8, 2018, the Bankruptcy Court issued an Order stating that it would withhold ruling on the Roberts Cross-Motions pending the Third Circuit Court of Appeals' decision in the CNA Appeal.

The Third Circuit rendered its Opinion on August 14, 2018. *See Cont'l Cas. Co. v. Carr* (*In re W.R. Grace & Co.*), 900 F.3d 126 (3d. Cir. 2018) ("Third Circuit Opinion"). The Third Circuit Opinion addressed three questions on appeal: (1) whether the Injunction, by its terms, excluded CNA's workers' compensation policies (a) because the policies were not specifically identified in the CNA Settlement Agreement, or (b) by virtue of the Injunction's categorical exclusion of rights or obligations pertaining solely to workers' compensation benefits; (2) whether the Injunction permissibly barred the Montana claims against CNA under 11 U.S.C. § 524(g), including whether (a) the claims alleged derivative liability against CNA for the conduct of, claims against, or demands on W.R. Grace ("derivative liability requirement"), and (b) the alleged liability arose by reason of CNA's provision of insurance to Grace ("statutory relationship requirement"); and (3) whether the Bankruptcy Court had jurisdiction to enjoin the Montana Claims. The Third Circuit affirmed the Bankruptcy Court's holdings with respect to the first and third issues, and it vacated and remanded the second issue to the Bankruptcy Court with instruction. *Id*.

The Third Circuit vacated and remanded the Bankruptcy Court's ruling regarding the second issue on appeal, or the application of § 524(g). *Id.* at 139. With regard to the derivative liability analysis, the Third Circuit stated that "[t]he proper inquiry is to review the law applicable to the claims being raised against the third party (and when necessary to interpret state law) to determine whether the third-party's liability is wholly separate from the debtor's liability or instead depends on it." *Id.* at 137. Regarding the statutory relationship requirement, the Third Circuit

agreed with the Bankruptcy Court "that CNA's provision of insurance must be a 'legally relevant factor' to its alleged liability." *Id.* at 138. It nevertheless noted that on remand, the Bankruptcy Court "should review the applicable law to determine the relationship's legal relevance to the third-party's alleged liability." *Id.* The Third Circuit's § 524(g) analysis does not implicate the worker/non-worker distinction at the heart of MCC's Enforcement Motion.

On October 15, 2018, the bankruptcy court entered a scheduling order providing for briefing of the remand issues. *In re: W.R. Grace & Co, et al.*, Bankruptcy Case No. 01-01139, Adv. Pro. No. 15-50766, Adv. Pro No. 18-50402 (Bankr. D. Del. Oct. 15, 2018) [D.I. 60]. Opening briefs by CNA and MCC are due on or before December 7, 2018, and Libby Claimants' opposition and/or certification motions are due on January 21, 2019.

ARGUMENT

Issues raised by Hutt in the case before this Court are presently being litigated before the U.S. Bankruptcy Court. The Complaint alleges that Hutt was injured due to, *inter alia*, asbestos exposure relating to Grace's mining operations in Libby, Montana. *Id.* at ¶ 9. The Complaint alleges that "Plaintiff was a homeowner, recreator, Grace worker, community member of Libby, Montana, or otherwise distinctly exposed to asbestos in unique exposure events and in a wide variety of temporally separated, geographically distinct, and highly differentiated routes and circumstances." *Id.* The Complaint further alleges "Dates of residence in the Libby area and exposure, including events of injurious exposure, are 1966 through 1990 and 2012 through 2015." Ex. 54, Compl. ¶ 12. Given that Hutt worked at the Libby Plant from only March 1968 to October 1969, Hutt's Complaint seeks damages seemingly arising from claims related to his community exposure. Whether Hutt may bring any such claim is being litigated through the *Roberts* Motion which is currently pending before the Bankruptcy Court.

In addition, as discussed in MCC's Brief in Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment on Liability at pp. 2-3, in response to the Third Circuit's instructions on remand, Counsel for the Libby Claimants and Hutt have represented to the Bankruptcy Court that they will seek certification of issues related to the analysis of the legal elements of their causes of action to the Montana Supreme Court. Letter Brief of Montana Plaintiffs 9/10/2018 at 5, *In re: W.R. Grace & Co. et al.*, No. 01-01130, D.E. No. 33052. Through that filing, Hutt's counsel has indicated that he will seek a determination by the Montana Supreme Court of whether any duty was owed by CNA (and by extension, MCC) under § 324A or any other theory, thereby attempting to obtain relief in different courts and potentially different opinions, all leading to the same issue and ostensibly the Montana Supreme Court.

Based on the foregoing, and with this recent set of filings, it is now apparent that it would be premature to allow Hutt to proceed with his claims against MCC in the present action. Determinations by the Bankruptcy Court of the issues before it could greatly impact the scope of the claims, if any, Hutt may proceed with against MCC. Allowing Hutt to proceed against MCC prior to resolution of these issues would be waste of judicial resources and could potentially result in considerable undue expense to the parties, and could result in different rulings by different courts. Accordingly, this matter should be stayed.

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, MCC respectfully requests that the Court issue an Order vacating the trial date and staying this matter until the U.S. Bankruptcy Court has resolved outstanding issues regarding the scope of claims, if any, which are permitted to proceed against MCC.

Dated: November 9, 2018

By: /s/ Edward J. Longosz, II

Edward J. Longosz, II, *pro hac vice* Mark A. Johnston, *pro hac vice* Kennedy C. Ramos, *pro hac vice* ECKERT SEAMANS CHERIN & MELLOTT, LLC 1717 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW 12th Floor Washington, D.C. 20006 (202) 659-6600 Telephone (202) 659-6699 Facsimile elongosz@eckertseamans.com mjohnston@eckertseamans.com kramos@eckertseamans.com

Joe Seifert Keller Law Firm, P.C. 50 South Last Chance Gulch P.O. Box 598 Helena, Montana 59624 (406) 442-0230 Telephone (406) 449-2256 Facsimile cjseifert@kellerlawmt.com

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned does hereby certify that a true copy of the foregoing document was filed

via the Montana Courts Electronic Filing system and served upon the following individuals:

Hon. Amy Poehling Eddy 920 South Main Kalispell MT 59901 Asbestos Claims Court Judge

Allan M. McGarvey John Lacey Dustin Leftridge 345 1st Avenue E Kalispell MT 59901 Representing: Adams, et al

Dated this 9th day of November, 2018.

/s/ Edward J. Longosz, II

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Kennedy C. Ramos, hereby certify that I have served true and accurate copies of the foregoing Motion - Other to the following on 11-09-2018:

Amy Poehling Eddy (Attorney) 920 South Main Kalispell MT 59901 Representing: Amy Eddy Service Method: eService

Roger M. Sullivan (Attorney) 345 1st Avenue E MT Kalispell MT 59901 Representing: Adams, et al Service Method: eService

Allan M. McGarvey (Attorney) 345 1st Avenue East Kalispell MT 59901 Representing: Adams, et al Service Method: eService

Jon L. Heberling (Attorney) 345 First Ave E Kalispell MT 59901 Representing: Adams, et al Service Method: eService

John F. Lacey (Attorney) 345 1st Avenue East Kalispell MT 59901 Representing: Adams, et al Service Method: eService

Ethan Aubrey Welder (Attorney) 345 1st Avenue East Kalispell MT 59901 Representing: Adams, et al Service Method: eService Dustin Alan Richard Leftridge (Attorney) 345 First Avenue East Montana Kalispell MT 59901 Representing: Adams, et al Service Method: eService

Jeffrey R. Kuchel (Attorney) 305 South 4th Street East Suite 100 Missoula MT 59801 Representing: Accel Performance Group LLC, et al, MW Customs Papers, LLC Service Method: eService

Danielle A.R. Coffman (Attorney) 1667 Whitefish Stage Rd Kalispell MT 59901 Representing: Accel Performance Group LLC, et al, MW Customs Papers, LLC Service Method: eService

Gary M. Zadick (Attorney) P.O. Box 1746 #2 Railroad Square, Suite B Great Falls MT 59403 Representing: Honeywell International Service Method: eService

Gerry P. Fagan (Attorney) 27 North 27th Street, Suite 1900 P O Box 2559 Billings MT 59103-2559 Representing: CNH Industrial America LLC Service Method: eService

G. Patrick HagEstad (Attorney)
PO Box 4947
Missoula MT 59806
Representing: Crane Co., United Conveyor Corporation, Riley Stoker Corporation et al Service Method: eService

Rachel Hendershot Parkin (Attorney) PO Box 4947 Missoula MT 59806 Representing: Crane Co. Service Method: eService

Mark Andrew Thieszen (Attorney) Poore Roth & Robinson, P.C. 1341 Harrison Ave Butte MT 59701 Representing: The William Powell Company, Atlantic Richfield Company, et al Service Method: eService

Patrick M. Sullivan (Attorney) 1341 Harrison Ave Butte MT 59701 Representing: The William Powell Company, Atlantic Richfield Company, et al Service Method: eService

Jennifer Marie Studebaker (Attorney) 210 East Capitol Street Suite 2200 Jackson MS 39201 Representing: Goulds Pump LLC, Grinnell Corporation, ITT LLC, et al, International Paper Co. Service Method: eService

Joshua Alexander Leggett (Attorney) 210 East Capitol Street, Suite 2200 Jackson MS 39201-2375 Representing: Goulds Pump LLC, Grinnell Corporation, ITT LLC, et al, International Paper Co. Service Method: eService

Vernon M. McFarland (Attorney) 200 South Lamar Street, Suite 100 Jackson MS 39201-4099 Representing: Goulds Pump LLC, Grinnell Corporation, ITT LLC, et al, International Paper Co. Service Method: eService

Jean Elizabeth Faure (Attorney) P.O. Box 2466 1314 Central Avenue Great Falls MT 59403 Representing: Goulds Pump LLC, Grinnell Corporation, ITT LLC, et al, Borg Warner Morse Tec LLC, International Paper Co. Service Method: eService

Jason Trinity Holden (Attorney) 1314 CENTRAL AVE P.O. BOX 2466 Montana GREAT FALLS MT 59403 Representing: Goulds Pump LLC, Grinnell Corporation, ITT LLC, et al, Borg Warner Morse Tec LLC, International Paper Co. Service Method: eService

Chad E. Adams (Attorney) PO Box 1697 Helena MT 59624 Representing: Weir Valves & Controls USA, Cyprus Amex Minerals Company, Fischbach and Moore, Inc. et al, American Honda Motor Co., Inc., Harder Mechanical Contractors, Nissan North American Inc.

Service Method: eService

Katie Rose Ranta (Attorney) Faure Holden, Attorneys at Law, P.C. 1314 Central Avenue P.O. Box 2466 GREAT FALLS MT 59403 Representing: Borg Warner Morse Tec LLC Service Method: eService

John Patrick Davis (Attorney) 1341 Harrison Avenue Butte MT 59701 Representing: Atlantic Richfield Company, et al Service Method: eService

Stephen Dolan Bell (Attorney) Dorsey & Whitney LLP 125 Bank Street Suite 600 Missoula MT 59802 Representing: Ford Motor Company Service Method: eService

Dan R. Larsen (Attorney) Dorsey & Whitney LLP 111 South Main Suite 2100 Salt Lake City UT 84111 Representing: Ford Motor Company Service Method: eService

Peter L. Helland (Attorney) 311 Klein Avenue, Suite A P.O. Box 512 Glasgow MT 59230 Representing: Ford Motor Company Service Method: eService

Kelly Gallinger (Attorney) 315 North 24th Street Billings MT 59101 Representing: Maryland Casualty Corporation Service Method: eService Charles J. Seifert (Attorney) P.O. Box 598 Helena MT 59624 Representing: Ford Motor Company, Maryland Casualty Corporation Service Method: eService

Robert J. Phillips (Attorney) Garlington, Lohn & Robinson, PLLP P.O. Box 7909 Missoula MT 59807 Representing: BNSF Railway Company Service Method: eService

Emma Laughlin Mediak (Attorney) Garlington, Lohn & Robinson, PLLP P.O. Box 7909 Missoula MT 59807 Representing: BNSF Railway Company Service Method: eService

Daniel Jordan Auerbach (Attorney) 201 West Railroad St., Suite 300 Missoula MT 59802 Representing: Weir Valves & Controls USA, Cyprus Amex Minerals Company Service Method: eService

Leo Sean Ward (Attorney) PO Box 1697 Helena MT 59624 Representing: Weir Valves & Controls USA, Cyprus Amex Minerals Company, Fischbach and Moore, Inc. et al, American Honda Motor Co., Inc., Harder Mechanical Contractors, Nissan North American Inc. Service Method: eService

Robert B. Pfennigs (Attorney) P.O. Box 2269 Great Falls MT 59403 Representing: Stimson Lumber Company, Zurn Industries, Inc., Mazda Motor of America, Inc. Service Method: eService

Rick A. Regh (Attorney) P.O. Box 2269 GREAT FALLS MT 59403 Representing: Stimson Lumber Company, Zurn Industries, Inc., Mazda Motor of America, Inc. Service Method: eService

Mark Trevor Wilson (Attorney) 300 Central Ave. 7th Floor P.O. Box 2269Great Falls MT 59403Representing: Stimson Lumber Company, Zurn Industries, Inc., Mazda Motor of America, Inc.Service Method: eService

Robert M. Murdo (Attorney) 203 N orth Ewing Helena MT 59601 Representing: Mine Safety Appliance Company LLC Service Method: eService

Murry Warhank (Attorney) 203 North Ewing Street Helena MT 59601 Representing: Mine Safety Appliance Company LLC Service Method: eService

Ben A. Snipes (Attorney) Kovacich Snipes, PC P.O. Box 2325 Great Falls MT 59403 Representing: Backen et al, Sue Kukus, et al Service Method: eService

Mark M. Kovacich (Attorney) Kovacich Snipes, PC P.O. Box 2325 Great Falls MT 59403 Representing: Backen et al, Sue Kukus, et al Service Method: eService

Ross Thomas Johnson (Attorney) P.O. Box 2325 Great Falls MT 59403 Representing: Backen et al, Sue Kukus, et al Service Method: eService

Randy J. Cox (Attorney) P. O. Box 9199 Missoula MT 59807 Representing: A.W. Chesterson Company Service Method: eService

Zachary Aaron Franz (Attorney) 201 W. Main St. Suite 300 Missoula MT 59802 Representing: A.W. Chesterson Company Service Method: eService M. Covey Morris (Attorney) Tabor Center 1200 Seventeenth St., Ste. 1900 Denver CO 80202 Representing: FMC Corporation Service Method: eService

Robert J. Sullivan (Attorney) PO Box 9199 Missoula MT 59807 Representing: Ingersoll-Rand, Co. Service Method: eService

Dale R. Cockrell (Attorney) 145 Commons Loop, Suite 200 P.O. Box 7370 Kalispell MT 59904 Representing: State of Montana Service Method: eService

Vaughn A. Crawford (Attorney) SNELL & WILMER, L.L.P. 400 East Van Buren Suite 1900 Phoenix AZ 85004 Representing: The Proctor & Gamble Company et al Service Method: eService

Tracy H. Fowler (Attorney) 15 West South Temple Suite 1200 South Jordan UT 84101 Representing: The Proctor & Gamble Company et al Service Method: eService

Martin S. King (Attorney) 321 West Broadway, Suite 300 P.O. Box 4747 Missoula MT 59806 Representing: Foster Wheeler Energy Services, Inc. Service Method: eService

Maxon R. Davis (Attorney) P.O. Box 2103 Great Falls MT 59403 Representing: Continental Casualty Company Service Method: eService Tom L. Lewis (Attorney) 2715 Park Garden Lane Great Falls MT 59404 Representing: Harold N. Samples Service Method: eService

Keith Edward Ekstrom (Attorney) 601 Carlson Parkway #995 Minnetonka MN 55305 Representing: Brent Wetsch Service Method: eService

William Rossbach (Attorney) 401 N. Washington P. O. Box 8988 Missoula MT 59807 Representing: Michael Letasky Service Method: eService

Edward J. Longosz (Attorney) 1717 Pennsylvania Avenue NW Suite 1200 Washington DC 20006 Representing: Maryland Casualty Corporation Service Method: eService

Chad M. Knight (Attorney) 929 Pearl Street Ste. 350 Boulder CO 80302 Representing: BNSF Railway Company Service Method: eService

Anthony Michael Nicastro (Attorney) 401 North 31st Street Suite 770 Billings MT 59101 Representing: BNSF Railway Company Service Method: eService

Nadia Hafeez Patrick (Attorney) 929 Pearl Street Suite 350 Boulder CO 80302 Representing: BNSF Railway Company Service Method: eService

Kevin A. Twidwell (Attorney) 1911 South Higgins Ave PO Box 9312 Missoula MT 59807 Representing: Libby School District #4 Service Method: eService

Jinnifer Jeresek Mariman (Attorney) 345 First Avenue East Kalispell MT 59901 Representing: Adams, et al Service Method: eService

Stephanie A. Hollar (Attorney) P.O. Box 2269 Great Falls MT 59403 Representing: Stimson Lumber Company Service Method: eService

Michael Crill (Other) PO Box 145 Rimrock AZ 86335 Service Method: Conventional

Michael D. Plachy (Attorney) 1200 17th Street Denver CO 80202 Representing: Honeywell International Service Method: Conventional

Conor A. Flanigan (Attorney) 1200 17th Street Denver CO 80202 Representing: Honeywell International Service Method: Conventional

Fredric A. Bremseth (Attorney) 601 Carlson Parkway, Suite 995 Minnetonka MN 55305-5232 Representing: Brent Wetsch Service Method: Conventional

Walter G. Watkins (Attorney) 210 E. Capitol Street, Ste. 2200 Jackson MS 39201 Representing: International Paper Co. Service Method: Conventional

Jason Eric Pepe (Attorney) 519 Southwest Boulevard Kansas City MO 64108 Representing: BNSF Railway Company Service Method: Conventional

Peter A. Moir (Attorney) 701 Poydras Street, Suite 2200 New Orleans LA 70139-6001 Representing: International Paper Co. Service Method: Conventional

Mark A. Johnston (Attorney) 1717 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, 12th Floor Washington DC 20006 Representing: Maryland Casualty Corporation Service Method: Conventional

Erik H Nelson (Attorney) 519 Southwest Boulevard Kansas City MO 64108 Representing: BNSF Railway Company Service Method: Conventional

> Electronically Signed By: Kennedy C. Ramos Dated: 11-09-2018